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PROFESSOR HENRY MORLEY.

As You Like It.

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WILLIAM SHAKESPEAR

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COVENTRY PATRONE

LORD MACAULAY

AS YOU LIKE IT

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THE TALE OF GAMELYN

CASSELL'S NATIONAL LIBRARY (New Series)

AS YOU LIKE IT

BY

WILLIAM SHAKESPEARE

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THE TALE OF GAMELYN



CASSELL AND COMPANY, LIMITED LONDON, PARIS, NEW YORK & MELBOURNE

INTRODUCTION.

ALL who read Shakespeare are content to hear his works described as a Lay Bible, but many pause when it is added that they are not so by chance. Every play, every tale with a plot in it, good or bad, is somebody's notion of an interweaving of the lives and actions of men and women, with, so far as it has any plot at all, some problem of human life, and in the end somebody's notion of the way to soive it The poet Crabbe said that he could read tales of all sorts, good or bad, because somebody's notion of life must needs be in the worst of them, and this could not fail to supply matter of interest. A dramatist or novelist with a low view of life, may represent a hero or a herome opposing hate to hate, or even cutting the knot of a story with a trick or lie His works would not be a Lay Bible Shakespeare, in his undoubted plays, never allows evil to be overcome with evil, he invariably shows evil overcome with good, the discords of life healed only by man's love to God and to his neighbour. Love God: Love your Neighbour, Do your Work, making the active business of life subject to the commandments upon which hang all the law and the prophets. Shakespeare's plays contain no lessons that are not subordinate to these. Of dogmatism he is free, of the true spirit of religion he is full, and it is for this reason that we all agree in feeling that his works are a Lay Bible, however they became so

How could it have been but by the picturing of life with the religious spirit that was in himself? Religion does not forbid cakes and ale broadest sympathies are part of it. The brightest wit may be spent by a dramatist in painting characters and manners of men who speak with their own tongues, and make evil their good, while his own sense of life and truth males it impossible for him to mislead those whom he is teaching through delight. In Shake-peares time there was none but Puritan dissent from the opinion set forth by Sir Philip Sidney, in his Defence of Poesy, that the purpose of the poet is to delight and teach, but so to delight that he shall not seem to mean teaching "He beginneth not with obscure definitions, which must blur the margin with interpretations, and load the memory with doubtfulness, but he cometh to you with words set in delightful proportion, either accompanied with, or prepared for, the well-enchanting skill of music; and with a tale, forsooth, he cometh unto you, with a talo which holdeth children from play, and old men from the chimney-corner, and, pietending no more, doth intend the winning of the mind from wickedness to virtue, even as the child is often brought to take most wholesome things by hiding them in such other as have a pleasant taste, which, if one should begin to tell them the nature of the aloes or rhubarbarum they should receive, would sooner take their physic at their ears than at their mouth, so it is in men (most of them are children till they be cradled in their graves), glad they will be to hear the tales of Hercules, Achilles, Cyrus, Æneas, and hearing them, must needs hear the right description of wisdom, valour and justice, which, if they had been barely (that is to say, philosophically) set out, they would swear they be brought to school again"

And when the study of a play of Shakespeare's begins with "obscure definitions, which must blur the margin with interpretations and load the memory with doubtfulness," its victim may swear safely not only that he is put to school

again, but that he is put to a bad rehool. Shakespecie's first review for the choice of a story was that it was a good story, which would please his public, and could be told in a play. Next would mentably come the business of thinking it over, and concerving its arrangment into note. But a story is good in proportion to its power of interesting all men, and it must ove that power to rome thing in it which especially comes home to "men, as they are men within themselves." A poetre mind, even though much lower than Shakespeare's, cannot dwell on any story without finding whereabouts in it that point of interest must be, and Shakespeare, having found it, found in it the point of view from which the whole should be presented When Wordsworth said of his poems that each one of them had a worthy purpo-e, he hastened to add, "not that I always began to write with a distinct purpose formally conceived, but habits of meditation have, I trust, so prompted and regu lated my feelings, that any descriptions of such objects as strongly excite those feelings will be found to carry with them a purpose" So every tale that Shakespeare told, set to the music in himself, falls into harmony with the best truths of The best truths are the simplest-never life difficult, abstruse and dark

The primal duties shine aloft—like stars, The charities that soothe, and heal, and bless, Are scattered at the feet of man—like flowers

Critics there are who peer into holes of the ground, or search under a microscope for Shake-speare's meaning in a play; who evercise procaic wit in theories that convert the Tempest into an abstruse psychological parable; or who suppose Acts I—IV of King Henry VIII. to be in no relation to the main design of the play, which is a glorification of the House of Tudor, as shown in Act V. They have yet to learn how Shakespeare seeks to walk with us upon our common earth, over the flowers and under the stars that are his fellow-teachers, with nothing more abstruse in his philosophy than that he sees life as one who has found its highest lessons in the Sermon on the Mount

How Shakespeare's works thus grew into a Lay Bible will, it is hoped, be shown in this edition of his Plays, and we have now to show it from the play of As You Like It

Shakespeare took his first notion of the tale from Lodge's Rosalynde Lodge, who had drawn some part of it from the old song of Gamelyn, which is included in the present volume, meant his tale to be moral It was called the Golden Legacy of

Euphues to the sons of Philautus because, he said, "here they may read that Virtue is the King of Labours, Opinion the Mistress of Pools; that Unity is the Prido of Nature, and Contention the Overthrow of Tamilies" But Shake pears has added to the tale new spiritual beauty. He virote the play when his ago was about thirty five, for it was not in Moress list in the Pallader Tamin (1595), it quotes a line from Mirlowe's Hero and Leander published in 1598; and it was entered at Stationers' Hall in August, 1600 but there is no known edition of it carlier than the prot folio of Shakespearc's works in 1623 Lake Romeo and Juliet or the Merchant of Venice, it deals with discord between man and man, to show love conquering

In As You Lile It there are two discords, each is between brother and brother, each is at the outset tierce. They are set in a play filled with the harmonies of life, and are themselves reduced to music in the close. One hatred is distinctly conquered by man's love to God.

The play opens with the hate of Oliver for his brother Orlando, first told, then shown in action, till one brother is at the other's throat Faithful affection of old Adam the house servant strikes.

meanwhile, the first note of the higher music. A few words between Oliver and Charles the wrestler touch on the other discord, accompanied also with its softer note in the pure friendship of girls, love between Rosalind and Celia. The first scene then ends with a last emphasis upon Oliver's hatred for Orlando, when he stirs the strong wrestler against him.

The second and third scenes, which complete the act, open to view the other discord through a framework of pure love.

Celia forgets herself in her friend, and is bent only upon cheering Rosalind They mock Fortune, who "reigns in the gifts of the world, not in the lineaments of nature" They hear of the cruel strength of the wrestler, from Le Beau, the kindliest of courtly simpletons. And when Orlando has touched the heart of Rosalind with pity for his danger, admiration for his courage, triumph for his victory, there comes resentment of Duke Frederick's injustice to the brave son of Sir Rowland de Bois, and warrant for the nearest sympathy in finding of what house Orlando came—

My father loved Sir Rowland as his soul, And all the world was of my father's mind —

then the young innocence of another form of love

begins to swell into that higher music in which all the discords will at last be lost.

When, in the third scene, the discordant mind of the Duke Frederick breaks on the loving talk of the two girls with braishment of Rosalind, Shake speare varies in a noticeable way from Lodge's story. Throughout he represents in Calia the un selfish love whose life is in another's happiness. From the first word she speaks, her mind is upon Rosalind, not on herself. Lodge, in his tale, made the Duke banish her and Rosalind together. They both went to the woods perforce. Shakespeare makes only Rosalind to be banished, with suggestion that her absence will bring worldly gain to Celia. They both go to the woods, by choice of Celia, who sacrifices all gifts of the world to remain true to the lineaments of nature.

The Second Act opens in the Forest of Arden, where the bunished Duke finds sweetness in the uses of adversity, and—with a tendency of mind exactly opposite to that of Monsiem Jaques—when he finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, sermons in stones, finds also good in everything. In contrast with this mood is the picture of Jaques drawing contempt for human life from contemplation of the wounded deer. He is the cynical gentleman of whom it is said.

Thus most invectively he pierceth through The body of the country, city, court, Yea, and of this our life

It is the Duke, his opposite in nature, who loves to cope him in these sullen fits, and the cymcism of Jaques, thus introduced, is used poetically afterwards, throughout the play, as foil to throw into rehef the truer lessons of humanity

In the second scene we have Celia and Rosalind missed from court, Orlando suspected, and Oliver to be made answerable for his brother

In the third scene Orlando 15 warned of a new plot of his brother's to destroy him

This night he means
To burn the lodging where you use to lie,
And you within it—if he fail of that
He will have other means to cut you off

But again the note of discord is associated with the harmonies of life that ever rise and swell towards the perfect music of the close. Here it is love between young and old, master and servant, a touching picture of true service, and of old age when it wears its crown of honour. Old Adam, in offering to his young master all the thrifty hire he saved, pleads,

Let me be your servant.

Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty,
For in my youth I never did apply

Hot and rebellions liquors in my blood; Nor did not with unbreshful forcherd woo. The means of weakness and debility, Therefore my age is as a last; winter, Trosty, but Findly—Let me po with you: I'll do the service of a younger man. In all your business and necessities

So they also are now bound for the wood, which is the scene of the play during the rest of the second act.

Rosalind and Celia, as Gany mede with his sister Alicina, enter with Touchstone for protector, a wise fool who is devoted to Celia—"He'll go along o'er the wide world with me,' Celia had said of him when she and Rosalind were planning flight They are all werry, and Celia has wholly broken down—"I pray you, bear with me; I can go no farther" When the love-lorn Sylvius has left old Corin the Shepherd, Celia's next words are.

I pmy you, one of you question youd man
If he for gold will give us any food,
I faint almost to death.

When the questioning of Corin brings discovery that flock and pasture may perhaps be bought, Rosalind says to the Shepherd,

> I pray thee, if it stand with honesty, Buy thou the cottage pasture, and the flock, And thou shalt have to pay for it of us.

Here Ceha's wearness cannot prevent her mind from running out, as usual, in thought for others There is one thought for the old shepherd, another to cheer Rosalind, who must not think that her friend suffers in her cause, her prompt addition' therefore to Rosalind's suggestion of the purchase, of the farm is, for the shepherd—"and we will mend thy wages," but for Rosalind,

> I like this place, And willingly could waste my time in it

We are next to see old Adam also broken with fatigue, as he enters the wood leaning on Orlando When he sinks with exhaustion the young man cheers him, and then bears him in his arms to better shelter while he goes to find him food. But this scene has its effect heightened by being set between two scenes of the cynicism of Monsieur Jaques. Of his mirth at a song, the Duke says,

If he, compact of jars, grow musical, We shall have shortly discord in the spheres.

In the second of these scenes, Jaques is happy at the finding of a fool, for he has come upon Touchstone in the forest, and would be himself a fool with

Withal, as large a charter as the wind,

To blow on whom I pleus

Invest me in my movies give me leave
To speak my mind, and I vill through and through,
Cleanse the foul body of the infected world.
If they will patiently receive my medica:

Dule I icon there! I can tell what then would'st do
Jaques. What, for a counter would I do but pood!

Dule Most mischie ous foul sin, in chiding sin
For then thyself has been a libertine.

As sensual as the brutish wing itself.

And all th' embossed sores and headed evils.

That thou with hience of free foot hast crught,
Would'st thou disgorne into the general world.

That peep into the past life of Jaques ought, one would think, to throw clear light upon the meaning of the character, and save Shakespe are from being himself in any way identified therewith. Jaques again serving as foil, his false mordising is immediately followed by the entrance of Orlando, and again there rises the full music of the brotherhood of man. A passage, to which the poet exicfully gives emphasis by repetition, sums up in few words Shakespeare's conception of true life as it is set forth in the larger features of the play. Or lando says—

Whateer you are
That in this desert innecessible
Under the shade of melancholy boughs,
Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time.
If ever you have looked on better days—

What are these better days? The days of a more active love to God-

If ever been where bells have knolled to church,—
the days of friendly fellowship with man—

If ever sat at any good man's feast,—
and fullness of human sympathy—

If ever from your eyelids wiped a tear, And know what tis to pity and be pitied, Let gentleness my strong enforcement be In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword

Shakespeare prolongs this note by making the banished Duke immediately repeat it—

True is it that we have seen better days, etc.

The poet had no faith in an ideal of Arcadian idleness. One of his very earliest plays, Love's Labour's Lost, disposed of that When Orlando has gone to find the old man

Who after me hath many a weary step Limped in pure love,

Jaques, still as foil to the diamond, occupies the interval before his return with a picture of the seven ages of man. One might have supposed that even Nic Bottom himself had imagination enough to see, that it was not Shakespeare in his

own person, but in dramatic presentment of a cymic, who saw in infancy only "merching end pulsing." in childhood the "whiting" schoolbay; who mocked youth in the lover and the soldier, and found in age only the lean and shippered partaleon, or a could childishness and mere obliviou. Upon that last note of contempt folious immediately Shakespears a fine dramatic comment, his own picture of the worthings of youth and age, when Orlando enters bearing Adam on his back. The Act ends presently with a visible intuining of men in a group significant of human fellowship. The Duke, whose temper is the opposite to that of Jaques, says to the sou of good Sir Rowland.

I am the Dake
That loved your father The results of your fortune,
Go to your cave and tell me—Good old man.
Thou art right welcome, as thy master is—
Support him by the arm—Give me your hand

The Third Act opens with the short scene in which Duke Frederick makes Oliver answerable for the disappearance of Orlando, and seizes his lands and goods till he has found his brother.

Oliver O that your highness knew my heart in this! I never loved my brother in my life

Duke F More villam thou -Well, push him out of door,

And let my officers of such a nature Make an extent upon his house and lands. Do this expediently, and turn him going

In the second scene of the third act Monsieur Jaques meets with Orlando in the wood, the false and the true have a short conflict, in which Jaques is worsted. Says the sick-minded Jaques, in the course of it, "Will you sit down with me? and we two will rail against our mistress the world and all our misery." To which Orlando replies in the right wholesome tone, "I will chide no breather in the world but myself, against whom I know most faults."

The dainty pastoral of love proceeds until we reach, in the third scene of the Fourth Act, the close of the first discord Orlando has missed his love lesson with Ganymede, and the cause of that yields one of the two great love-lessons of the play. He had seen where

Under an oak, whose boughs were mossed with age, And high top bald with dry antiquity, A wretched ragged man, o'ergrown with hair, Lay sleeping on his back, about his neck A green and gilded snake had wreathed itself. Who with her head, nimble in threats, approached The opening of his mouth, but suddenly, Seeing Orlando, it unlinked itself, And with indented glides did slip away. Into a bush, under which bush's shade

I livrees, with indices all drive in dry,
Lay couching, head on pround with extelline match.
When that the else purp mine should reine, for its
the royal disposition of that least.
To pay on nothing that doth seem as deal.
The seen, Orlando did approach the man,
And found it was his brother, his older brother.

Crim O. I have heard him speak of that same brother,

And he did render him the riost unnatural That lived mongst me i

Owerer And wall he might do so for well I know he was unnatural

Resided But, to Orlando—D d he leave him there, Food to the suci ed and hungry honess?

Other Twice and he turn his back, and purposed so But kind iess nobler over than revenge, And nature, stronger than his just occusion. Made him give battle to the librors, Who quickly fell before him—in which harding From miserable slumber I analied

Celm Are you has brother?

Resided Was it you be resided?

Gim Was't you that did so oft contrise to kill him?

Oliver 'Twas I but the not I I do not shame

To tell you what I a as, since my conversion

So sweetly tastes being the thing I am

This is a parable, like that of the Good Samaritan, including even more of the whole body of Chais's teaching about man's love to his neighbour. The help is not to a stranger, but to an enemy; to one who has sought the destruction of the helper. It is not help by a kindly gift, easily spared out of

the accidents of life, but help by a risk of life itself. Orlando risks his life in battle with the honess to save a brother who had followed him with deadly hate. He is not satisfied till he has brought his brother into safety, brought him to shelter, food, and friendship of the Duke. Not until he has actively fulfilled all offices of love does he, when fainting from his loss of blood, think of himself or Ganymede. And by such Love to his Neighbour, Orlando conquers hatred and transforms it into love

Close of the other discord in awakening of Love to God, could not be shown so fully Massinger might have tried to set forth in detail the argument that brought a soul to God, but Shakespeare was content with one firm touch to make the fact appear. It is significant that this was a touch all his own. In Lodge's story, when the usurping Duke brought an army against his brother and his followers within the forest, the Twelve Peers of France, in arms to recover the right of the banished Duke, met the invading army, put it to flight, and killed the usurper—The Twelve Peers give place in Shakespeare to a higher power

Upon the scene of concerd that closes the play, the second son of Sir Rowland enters'—no stranger with a message, but a brother who adds to the scene one more suggestion of the ties of love—and he it is who reports to the Dake in the forest that Duke Frederick

Addressed a mighty power, which we've on foot In his own conduct, purposed to take His brother here, and put him to the sword And to the shirts of this wild wood he carre, it here, receiving with an old religious our after some question with Lim, was corrected. Hoth from his enterprise and from the world. His crown bequesthing to his banished brother, And all their lands restored to them apair. That were with him exiled.

Shake-pearc's substitution of this reoneilement to God for the putting of the evil minded brother to the sword through the might of the Twelve Peers, is in the highest degree characteristic of his way of teaching

Upon two points in the close of the play a word or two should yet be added. Celia's sudden love for Oliver is in accordance with her character. There is joy in heaven—in the heaven also of her heart—over one sinner that repenteth. We shall find a like suggestion in the Tempest, of love awakened in an innocent mind by the beauty of a human face expressing pure and deep emotion. Celia's heart goes out to Oliver in the hour of his repentance, victory nobler than that of Orlando.

in which he overthrew more than the wrestler Charles Moreover, as wife to Oliver, Celia becomes bound by a new tie of affection to Orlando's wife. The cousins become sisters

And what is Hymen in the closing music of the play? Hymen, who, while soft music plays, leads Rosalind into a little world of human love, and sings what is meant for much more than a mai-riage song—

Then is there mirth in heaven When earthly things made even Atone together

Is it a masque in the forest, is it an angel in the world? I do not know, but I look out on life and think it is an angel in the world

H. M.

A NOTE

A spare poor may here be accupied by a note to answer to a quest on that I as then been asked In Hantler, pure 37, Polorius is roule to ear to Larstee to

The from a thing to sky, and their a high content of a rapple their a to the sind with high edge of steel. But do not dold thy pain wither term in here. Of one new latter higher himself.

Here the last word is in the folio of 1027 and according to all much on edition. "commode". Why was the word altered."

able they been differ so much in other parts of the results to clearly to be separate although to the grante although to the grante although to the grante although to the grante although to the clearly to be separate although to the clearly to be separate although to the clearly to be separate although the clearly to be separate although the clearly to be separate although the clear to the clear the clear than the clear th

...... "though doll the guine with or to fifty the every new in the filter the

In the 1601 quarto Polonius rays -

--- "doe not del' the palme ni hierecta ce i ti Of each new hatcht, cui edg dicentes

acutarehieace rel elli e edT.

2. Consideration brings to mind that 'courage" result in old English what its is mology implies, the staring of the heart, without the limitation that has strong the meaning of the word. So Chancer, at the beginning of the proleggie to the "Canterbury lakes," wrote of the briefs how

That slep u all the ul ht with up-u yhe, So priketh hem nature in here comp-

If the result of such consideration is that "courage, "used by Shakespeare in this sense, is precisely the right word for the context and that "commute, 'substituted in the folio because "courage" looked wrong to those who had lost sight of the first broader meaning of the word, is comparatively week and vague. The first emotions of the heart towards rach other among new commutes might be imaged as "new hatcht at dufficility" so might the commuteship but to key that the commutes were so is much less poetical. Therefore, courage as right, "commute" is wrong

AS YOU LIKE IT.

DRAMATIS PERSONAL

Duke, living in banishment FREDFRICK, his Brother, and Usury crofl is Dominions AMILYS, | Lords attending on JAQUES,) the banished Duke Lr BEAU, a Courteer CHARLES, a Wrestler OLIVER Sons of Sn Row-Jaques. land de Bois ORLANDO. Adah, Servants to Oliver Dennis, j Touchstone, a Cloun. SIR OLIVPR MARTELT, a *Vicar*

CORIN, Shepherds
SHAIDS, Shepherds
WILLIAM, a Country Fellow,
in love with Audrey
HIMEN

ROSLIND, Daughter to the banished Duke
CFLIA, Daughter to Frederick
PHEBL, a Shepherdess &
AUDRFI, a Country Wench

Lorde, Pages, Foresters, and other Attendants

The SCENE lies, first, and in Act II, scene 3, near OLIVER'S House, afterwards, in the Usurper's Court, and in the Forest of Andry

ACT I

-Scrne I -OLIVLR'S Orchard

Enter ORLANDO and ADAM

Orl. As I remember, Adam, it was upon thisfashion. He bequeathed me by will but poor a thousand crowns, and, as thou say'st, charged my brother on his blessing to breed me well and there begins my sadness. My brother Jaques he keeps at achool, and report speaks goldenly of his profit for my part, he keeps me rustically at home, or, to speak more properly, class me here at home unkent; for call you that keeping for a gentleman cif my birth that differs not from the stalling of an? or? His horse are bred better for, besides that they are fair with their feeding, they are trught their manage, and to that end riders dearly hired . I but I, his brother, gain rothing under him but growth, for the which his animals on his daughills are as much bound to him as 1 Ilreades this nothing that he so plentifully gives me, the something that Nature gave me his countenance seems to take from me he lets me feed with his hinds hims? me the place of a brother, and, as much as m him hes, mines my gentility with my education. This is it, Adam, that grieves me, and the spirit of my father, which I think is within me, begins to muting against this servitude I will no longer endure it, though yet I know no wise remedy how to aroul' ıt

Adam Yonder comes my muster your brother Orly Go upart, Adam, and thou shalt hear how he will shake me up

Enter OLIVIE

Oh Now, sir! what make you here?

- Orl Nothing I am not taught to make any thing
 - Oh What mar you then, sir?
- Orl. Marry, sir, I am helping you to mar that which God made, a poor unworthy brother of yours, with idleness
- Oli Marry, sir, be better employed, and be naught awhile
- Orl. Shall I keep your hogs, and eat husks with them? What produgal portion have I spent, that I should come to such menury?
 - Oh. Know you where you me, sir?
 - Orl O, sir, very well here, in your orchard
 - Oli. Know you before whom, su?
- Orl. Ay, better than him I am before knows me I know you are my claest brother, and, in the gentle condition of blood, you should so know me The courtesy of nations allows you my better, in that you are the first-born, but the same tradition takes not away my blood, were there twenty brothers betwixt us I have as much of my father in me, as you, albeit, I confess, your coming before me is nearer to his reverence
 - Oh What, boy '
- Orl. Come, come, elder brother, you are too young in this
 - Oh Wilt thou lay hands on me, villain?

Orl. I am no yillam. I am the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Bois, he was my father, and he is thrice a villam that says such a father begot villams. Wert thou not my brother, I would not take this hand from thy throat till this other had pulled out thy tongue for saying so, thou hast railed on thy self.

Adam [Coming forward] Sweet masters be patient for your father's remembrance, be at accord a

Oh Let me go, I say.

Orl I will not, till I please, you shall heat me My father charged you in his will to give me good education—you have trained me like a passant, obscuring and hiding from me all gentleman-like qualities. The spirit of my father grows strong in me, and I will no longer endure it, therefore, allow me such exercises as may become a gentleman, or give me the poor allottery my father left me by testament—with that I will go buy my fortunes

Oh And what will thou do? beg, when that is spent? Well, sir, get you in . I will not long the troubled with you, you shall have some part of your will. I pray you, leave me

Orl I will no further offend you than becomes me for my good

Oh Get you with him you old dog

Adam Is old dog my reward? Most true, I have lost my teeth in your service—God be with my old master! he would not have spoke such a word

[Excent Ollando and Adam of Ollando and Ollando and

Later DLYNS

Den Calls your worship?

Oli. Was not Charles, the duke's wrestler, here to speak with me?

Den So please you, he is here at the door, and upportunes access to you.

Oh Call hum in [East Dennis.]—T will be a good way, and to-moriow the wrestling is.

Enter CHARLES

Cha Good morrow to your worship

Oh Good Monsieur Charles what's the new news at the new court

Cha There's no news at the court, sir, but the old news: that is, the old duke is banished by his younger brother the new duke, and three or four loving lords have put themselves into voluntary exile with him, whose lands and revenues enrich the

new duke, therefore, he gives them good leave to wander

Oli. Can you tell, if Rosalind, the duke's daughter, he braished with her father f

Cha O, no, for the dule's daughter, her cousin, so loves her, being over from their cridles bred together, that she would have followed her exile, or have died to stay behind her. She is at the court, and no less beloved of her uncle than his own daughter, and never two ladies loved as they do

Oh Where will the old duke hee?

Cha They say, he is already in the forest of Arden, and a many merry men with him; and there they live like the old Robin Hood of Eng-& land. They say, many young gentlemen flock to him every day, and fleet the time carelessly, as they did in the golden world.

Oh What, you wrestle to-morrow before the new duke?

Cha Marry, do I, sir, and I came to acquaint you with a matter. I am given, sir, secretly to understand, that your younger brother Orlandor hath a disposition to come in disguised against me 'to try, a fall. To morrow, sir, I wrestle for my credit, and he that escapes me without some inoken him shall acquire him well. Your brother

is but young, and tender, and, for your love, I would be loath to fail him, as I must for my own honour if he come in therefore, out of my love to you, I came lather to acquaint you withal, that either you might stay him from his intendment, or hook such disgrace well as he shall mun_into, in that it is a thing of his own search, and altogether against my will

Oli Charles, I thank thee for thy love of me, which thou shalt find I will most kindly requite." I had myself notice of my brother's purpose herein, and have by underhand means laboured to dissuade him from it, but he is resolute I'll tell thee, Charles, it is the stubbornest young fellow of France, full of ambition, an envious emulator of every man's good parts, a secret and villamous; contriver against me his natural brother there-. fore, use thy discretion, I had as hef thou didst break his neck as his finger. And thou went best look to't; for if thou dost him any slight disgrace, or if he do not mightily grace himself on thee, he will practise against thee by poison, entrap thee by some treacherous device, and never leave thee till he hath ta'en thy life by some inducet means or other; for, I assure thee (and almost with teats I speak it), there is not one so young and so villamous this day living I speak but brothqily

of lum, but should I unatomise him to thee or he is, I must blush and weep, and thou must look pale and wonder

Cha I am hearthy glad I came littler to you life come to-moreon. I'll give him his payment if ever he go alone again, I'll never a re-the for prize more, and so, God heep your worship!

[Fr!

Oh Farencil, good Charles -- You will I streether gamester. I hope I shall see an end of him, for my soul, set I know not why here's nothing more than he yet he's gentle, rever schooled, and yet learned, full of noble decice, of all sorts exchantingly beloved, and indeed, so much in the heart of the world and, especially of my own people, who best know him, that I am altogether unsprised. But it shall not be so long, this wrestler shall clear all nothing remains but that I kindle the boy thither, which now I II go about.

Lxit

Scene II —A Lawn before the Denr's Palace Enter Resalind and Grain

Cel I pray thee, Rosalind, sweet my coz, be merry

Scene 2]

Ros Dear Celia, I show more mirth than I am mistress of, and would you jet were merrier? Unless you could teach me to forget a binished father, you must not learn me how to remember any extraordinary pleasure.

Cel Herein I see, thou lovest me not with the full weight that I love thee. If my uncle, thy banished father, had banished thy uncle, the duke, my father, so thou hadst been still with me, I could have taught my love to take thy father for mine: so wouldst thou, if the truth of thy love to me were so righteously ter pered, as mine is to thee.

Ros Well, I will forget the condition of my estate to rejoice in yours.

Cel. You know, my father hath no child but I, nor none is like to have; and, truly, when he dies, thou shalt be his heir for what he hath taken tway from thy father perforce, I will render thee again in affection: by mine honour I will; and when I break that oath, let me turn monster Therefore, my sweet Rose, my dear Rose, be merry

Ros From henceforth I will, coz, and devise ports Let me see, what think you of falling in ove?

Cel Marry, I pr'ythee do, to make sport withal.

B-50

but love no man in good carnest, nor no further its sport neither, than with safety of a pure blush thou may'st in honour come off again

Ros What shall be our sport ther?

"Cel Let us sit, and most, the good housewife, a lottune, from her wheel, that her gifts may hence."

Ros I would we could do so, for her benefits are mightily implaced, and the bountiful blind woman doth most mistake in her gifts to women

forth be bestowed equally

Cel 'I'is true, for those that she makes fair she scarce makes honest, and those that she makes' honest she makes very ill-favouredly

Ros Nay, now then goest from Fortune's effice to Nature's Fortune reigns in gifts of the world, "Suct in the lineaments of Nature:

Enter Tol custons.

Cel No when Nature both made a faircreature, may she not by Fortune fall into the fire?—Though Nature bath given us wit to flout at Fortune, bath not Fortune sent in this fool to cut off the argument?

Nature, when Fortune makes Nature's natural the cutter-off of Nature's wit.

Cel Peradventure this is not Fortune's work

meither, but Nature's, who, perceiving our natural wits too dull to reason of such goddesses, hath sent this natural for our whetstone, for always, the dulness of the fool is the whetstone of the wits—

How now, wit? whither wander you?

Touch Mistress, you must come away to your father

Cel. Were you made the messenger?

Touch No, by mine honour, but I was bid to come for you

Ros Where learned you that oath, fool?

Touch Of a certain knight, that swore by his honour they were good pancakes, and swore by his honour the mustard was naught now, I'll stand to it the pancakes were naught and the mustard was good, and yet was not the knight foresworn.

Cel How prove you that, in the great heap of your knowledge?

Ros Ay, marry, now unmuzzle your wisdom. I Touch Stand you both forth now stroke your chins, and swear by your beards that I am a knave

Cel By our beards, if we had them, thou art,
Touch By my knavery, if I had it, then I were
But if you swear by that that is not, you are not
forsworn. no more was this knight, swearing by
his honour, for he never had any, or, if he had, he

had sworn_it away before ever he saw those pancakes, or that mustard

Cel Pr'ythee, who is 't that thou mean'st?

Touch One that old Frederick, your father, loves.

Cel My father's love is enough to honour lime chough. Speak no more of him, you'll be whipped for taxation one of these days.

Touch The more pity, that fools may not speak wisely, what wise men do foolishly

Cel By my troth thou way'st true for since the little wit that fools have was silened, the little foolery that wise men have miles a great show there comes Monsieur Le Beau

Enter La. Beat

Ros With his mouth full of news

Cel Which he will put on us, as pigeons feed their young

Ros Then shall we be news crammed

Cel All the better, we shall be the more marketable Ron your, Monsieur Le Reau what's the news?

Le Beau Fan princes, you have lost much good sport

Cel Sport? Of what colour ?

Le Beau, What colour, madam? How shall I answer you?

Ros. As wat and fortune wall.

Touch Or as the Destinies decree.

Touch. Nay, if I keep not my rank, The Ros Thou losest thy old smell

Le Beau. You amaze me, ladies. I would have told you of good wrestling which you have lost the sight of.

Ros Yet tell us the manner of the wrestling

Le Brau. I will tell you the beginning, and, if it please your lady ships, you may see the end, for the best is yet to do, and here, where you are, they are coming to perform it.

Cel. Well, the beginning that is dead and buried

Le Beau There comes an old man and his three sons,—

Le Beau Three proper young men, of excellent growth and presence;— oppositions

Ros With hills on their necks. Be it known unto all men by these presents.

Le Beau The eldest of the three wrestled with Charles, the duke's wrestler, which Charles in a moment threw him, and broke three of his ribs,

that there is little hope or life in him, so he served the second, and so the third. Youder they lie, the poor old man, their father, making such pitiful dole over them, that all the beholders take his part with weeping.

Ros Alasi

Touch. But what is the sport, monsieur, that the ladies have lost?

Le Beau. Why, this that I speak of

Touch Thus men may grow werer every day. It is the first time that ever I heard breaking of ribs was sport for ladies.

Cel Or I, I promise thee

Ros But is there any else longs to see this broken music in his sides I is there yet another dotes, upon rib breaking? Shall we see this wrestling, co ism?

Le Beau You must if you stry here, for here is the place appointed for the wrestling, and they are ready to perform it

Cel Yonder, sure, they are coming, let us now stay and see it

. Flourish Enter Dule Febdenick, Lords, Orlando, Charles, and Attendants

Duke F Come on Since the youth will not be entreated, his own peul on his forwardness.

Ros Is yonder the man?

Le Beau. Even he madam

Cel Alas 1- he is too young yet he looks successfully

Duke F. How now, daughter and cousin are you crept hither to see the wrestling?

Ros Ay, my liege, so please you give us leave

Duke F. You will take little delight in it, I can tell you, there is such odds in the man. In pity of the challenger's youth I would fain dissuade him, but he will not be entrated. Speak to him, ladies, see if you can move him.

Cel Call him lather, good Monsieur Le Beau.

Duke F. Do so · L'Il not he by Duke goes apair

Le Beau. Monsieur the challenger, the princess' call for you

Orl I attend them, with all respect and duty
Ros Young man, have you challenged Charles
the wrestler?

Orl. No, fan princess; he is the general challenger. I come but in, as others do, to try with: him the strength of my youth

Cel Young gentleman, your spirits are too hold for your years. You have seen civel proof of this man's strength if you saw yourself with your eyes, or knew yourself with your judgment,

the ferr of your adventure would counsel you to a more equal enterprise. We pray you, for your own safety, and give over this attempt.

Ros Do, young sir, your reputation shall not therefore be insprised we will make it our suit to the dule, that the wrestling riight not go forward

Oil I besech you, punish me not with your hard thoughts, wherein I confess me much guilty to deny so fair and excellent ladies anything. But let your fair eyes and gentle wishes go with me to my trial, wherein if I be foiled, there is but one shamed that was never gracious, if I illed, but one dead that is willing to be so. I shall do my friends no wrong, for I have none to lament me; the world no injury, for in it I have nothing, only in the world I fill up a place which may be better supplied when I have made it empty.

Ros The little strength that I have, I would it were with you

Cel. And mine, to che out hers.

Ros Fare you well Pray Heaven, L. he.de-

Cel Your heart's desires be with you

Cha. Come, where is this young gallant, that is so desirous to be with his mother earth?

Ork Ready, sir, but his will hath in it a more modest notking.

Duke I You shall try but one fall Lewx

Cha No, I warrant your grace, you shall not entreat him to a second, that have so mightily persuaded him from a first.

, Orl You mean to mock me after you should not have mocked me before but come your ways

Ros Now, Hercules be thy speed, young man to Cel. I would I were invisible, to catch the strong fellow by the leg

CHARLES and ORLANDO wrestle

Ros O excellent young man!

Cel If I had a thunderbolt in mine eye, I can tell who should down

[CHARLES is thrown Shout

Duke F No more, no more.

Orl. Yes, I beseech your grace, I am not yet well breathed

Duke F How dost thou, Charles?

Le Beau He cannot speak, my lord

Duke F. Beat him away

[CHARLES is borne out

What is thy name, young man?

Orl Orlando, my liege, the youngest son of Sir Rowland de Bois

Deke I' I would thou hadst been son to some

The world esteemed thy father honourable, '
But I did find him still mine enemy
Thou shouldst have better pleased me with this deed.

Hadst thou descended from another house. But fare thee well, thou art a gallant youth.

I would thou hadst told me of another father

[Leunt Duke Fri di nick, Train, and La Briv.

Cel Weie I my father, coz, would I do

Oil I am more proud to be Sir Rowlands son, His youngest son—and would not change that if cilling,

To be adopted hen to Frederick

Ros My father loved Sir Rowland as his soul.

And all the world was of my fither's mind.

Had I before known this young man his son, I should have given him tears unto enticaties,

Ere he should thus have ventured

Cel. Gentle cousin,

Let us go thank him, and encourage him
My father's rough and envious disposition
Sticks me at heart.—Sir, you have well deserved.
If you do keep your promises in love

But justly, as you have exceeded all promise, Your mistress shall be happy

Ros

Gentleman,

[Giving him a chain from her neck Wear this for me, one out of suits with fortune,

That could give more, but that her hand tacks

burgi we go, coz s

Cel Ay Fare you well, fair gentleman

Orl Can I not say, I thank you? My hetter parts

Are all thrown down, and that which here stands up

Is but a quintain, a niere lifeless block.

Ros He calls us back My pride fell with me fortunes,

I'll ask him what he would —Did you call, sir?—Sir, you have wrestled well, and overthrown More than your enemies \(\text{\text{Not}} \) \(\text{\text{Not}} \)

Cel Will you go, coz?

Ros Have with you -Fare you well

[Exeunt ROSALIND and CELIA

Orl What passion hangs these weights upon my tongue?

cannot speak to her, yet she urged conference

) poor Orlando! thou art overthrown

Or Charles, or something weaker, masters thec.

Receive Ist Bric

Le Beau Good sir, I do in friendship counsil

To leave this place. Albeit you have deserved. High commondation, true applicate, and love, Yet such is now the duke's condition.

That he misconstrues all that you have done.

The duke is humorous, what he is, indeed,

More suits you to conceive, than I to speak of.

Orl I thank you, sir, and, priv you, tell me this

Which of the two was daughter of the duke,

That here was at the wrestling i

Le Bean Neither his daughter, if we judge by

manners

But yet, indeed, the smaller is his daughter. The other is daughter to the banished duke, And here detained by her usurping uncle, To keep his daughter company, whose loves Are deriver than the natural bond of sister. But I can tell you, that of late this duke. Hath ta'en displeasure 'gainst his gentle niece, Grounded upon no other argument. But that the people praise her for her unities. And pity her for her good father's sike, And, on my life, his malice 'gainst the lady.

Will suddenly break forth.—Sir, fare you well
Here ifter, in a better world than this,
I shall desire more love and knowledge of you

Orl I rest much bounden to you fare you well

Exit Le Brau
Thus must I from the smoke into the smother,
From tyrant duke unto a tyrant brother.—
But heavenly Rosalind!

[Exit

Scene III —A Room in the Palace

Cel Why, cousin, why, Rosalind !—Cupid have mercy!—Not a word?

Cel But is all this for your father?

Ros No, some of it is for my father's child of how full of briars is this working-day world!

Cel. They are but burs, cousin, thrown upon

thre in holiday foolery - if we walk not in the trodden paths, our very petticoits will extel them

Ros I could shake them off my cost; these burs are in my heart.

Cel Hem them away

Ros I would try, if I could cry hem, and have

Cel Come, come, wrestle with the affections L. Ros. O, they take the part of a bettir wrestler than myself

, Cel O, a good wish upon you you will try in time, in despite of a fall. But, turning these parts out of service, let us talk in good earnest. Is at possible, on such a sudden, you should fall into so strong a liking with old Sir Rowland's joungest son?

The duke my father loved his father dearly Cel Doth it therefore ensue, that you should love his son dearly ! By this kind of chase, I should hate him, for my father hated his father dearly, yet I hate not Orlando

Ros No, 'faith, hate him not, for my sike.

Tel Why should I not? doth he not deserve well?

Ros Let me love him for that, and do you love him, because I do—Look, here comes the duke

Cel With his eyes full of anger

Enter Duke FREDERICK, with Lords

Duke F Mistress, despatch you with your safest haste,

And get you from our court.

Ros

. Me, uncle?

Duke I

You, cousin

Within these ten days if that thou be'st found So near our public court as twenty miles, Thou diest for it.

Ros

I do beseech your grace,

Let me the knowledge of my fault bear with ma. If with my self I hold intelligence, and the own desires of that I do not dream, or be not frantic (As I do trust I am not) then, dear uncle, Never so much as in a thought unborn Did I offend your highness.

Duke F

Thus do all traitors.

If their purgation did consist in words, A. A. Y. They are as innocent as grace itself.

Let it suffice thee, that I trust thee not

Ros Yet your mistrust cannot make me a traiter

Tell me whereon the likelihood depends

Duke F. Thou art thy father's daughter; there's enough

Ros So was I when your highnest took his dukedom.

So was I when your highness banished him . Treason is not inherited, my lord . Or, if we did derive it from our friends, 5 What's that to me ! my father was no traitor. Then, good my hege, mustal e me not so much, & . To think my poverty is treacherous,

Cel Dear sovereign, hear me speal TDuke I' Ay, Coha, we stayed her for your sake; Else had she with her father ranged along by a fine " _Cel I did not then entrent to have her stay, It was your pleasure and your own remorse I was too young that time to value her, \(\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \) But now I know her it she be a traitor, Why, so am I we still have slept together. Rose at an instant, learned, played, eat together; And wheresoe'er we went, like Juno's swans, Still we went coupled and inseprurable.

Duke F. She is too subtle for thee, and her , smoothness,

Hendery silence, and her patience, Speak to the people, and they pity her. Thou art a fool she robs thee of thy name, And thou wilt show more bright, and seem more virtuous.

When she is gone Then, open not thy lips:

Firm and irrevocable is my doom.

Which I have passed upon her—She is banished ;

Col. Pronounce that sentence, then, on me, my liege.

I cannot livé out of her company.

Duke F. You are a fool —You, nice, providence

If you outstay the time, upon mine honour,"

And in the greatness of my word, you die

[Lieunt Dule Fred Rick and Lords
Cel O my moor Rosabud! whither will then

Cel O my poor Rosalind whither wilt thou go !

Wilt thou change fathers? I will give thee mine

I charge thee, be not thou more grieved than I am
Ros I have more cause

Cel Thou hast not, cousin Prythee, be cheerful know'st thou not, the duke

Hath bamshed me, his daughter?

Ros That he hath not Cel No? hath not? Resalind lacks then the

Cel No? hath not? Resalind lacks then the

Which teacheth thee that thou and I am one. Shall we be sundered? shall we part, sweet girl?

No let my father seek another hen.

Therefore, decise with me how we may fly,

Whither to go, and what to bear with us.

And do not seek to take your change upon you,

To bear your griefs yourself and leave me out;
For, by this heaven, now et our sorrows pale.
Six what thou clust, I ll go along with thee
Ros Why, whither shall we go!
Cel To sock my uncle in the forest of Arden
Ros Alas, what danger will it be to us,
Maids as we are, to travel forth so far.

Maids as we are, to travel forth so far '
Reauty provoketh thieves sooner thin gold

Cel. I'll put myself in poor and mean attire.

And with a kind of umber sourch my face.

The like do you to shall we pass along,

And never stu assail ints.

Because that I am more than common tall,

That I did suit me all points like a man?

A gallant curtle-are upon my thigh

A boar-spear in my hand, and, in my heart

Lie there what hidden woman's fear there will, We'll have a swashing and a martial outside.

As many other mannish cowards have 'That do outface it with their semblances

Cel What shall I call thee when thou art a

Ros I'll have no worse a name than Joves own page,

And therefore look you call me Ganymede But what will you be called? Cel Something that both a reference to my -tote :

No longer Celia, but Aliena.

Ros Dut, cousin, what if we essayed to steal The clownish fool out of your fathers court? Would be not be a comfort to our travel? Cel He'll go along oer the wide world with me.

Leave me alone to woo him. Let's away, And get our jewels and our wealth together, Devise the fittest time and safest way To hide us from pursuit that will be made After my flight. Now go we in content To liberty, and not to banishment [Lacunt

ACT II.

SCENL I .- The Forest of Arden

Enter Dune Senior, Ameris, and two or three Lords, like foresters

Duke S. Now, my comates, and brothers in exile, -Hath not old custom made this life more sweet Than that of painted pomp? Are not these woods More free from peril than the envious court?

Here feel we but the penalty of Adam, __ The sersons' difference, as the my fong, to i And churlish chiding of the winter's wind, folds Which when it bites and blows upon my body, Even till I shrink with cold, I simle, and sav. This is no flattery these are coungellors -That feelingly persurde me what I am. Sweet are the uses of adversity, Which, like the toul, ugly and venomous, Wears yet a precious jewel in his head; Und this our life, exempt from juddle liamit, Finds tongues in trees, books in the running brooks, Ecrmon in stones, and good in everything.

Ami I would not change it Happy is your gnice.

That can translate the stubbornness of fortune Into so quiet and so sweet a style o Dule 8 Come, shall we go and kill us venison ? And yet it inks me the poor dappled fools, $-\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{t^{24}}$ Being native burghers of this desert city, Tarket Show'd, in then own confines, with forked heads Hard their round brunches gored (1) = \Pi | 1

Indeed, my lord, The melancholy Jaques grieves at that, And in that kind swears you do more usurp Than doth your brother that hath banished you. To-day my Lord of Amiens and myself

1 Lord

Under an oak, whose antique root peeps out of Upon the brook that brawls along this wood, To the which place a poor sequestered stag, That from the hunter's aim had tr'en a hurt, Did come to languish and, indeed, my lord, The wretched animal heaved forth such groans, That their discharge did stretch his leathern coat Almost to bursting; and the big round tears Coursed one another down his innocent nose, In pitcous chase, and thus the hairy fool, Much marked of the melancholy Jaques, Stood on the extremest verge of the swift brook.

Angmenting it with terms

Duke S But what said Jaques
Did he not moralise this spectacle?

I Lord. O yes, into a thousand similes

First, for his weeping into the needless stream,

'Poor deer,' quoth he, 'thou mak'st a testament is a smildlings do, giving thy sum of more'. To that which had too much' Then, being there alone.

Left and abandoned of his xelvet friends;

'Tis right,' quoth he; 'thus misery doth part
The flux of company.' Anon, a careless herd,'
Full of the pasture, jumps along by him,
And never stays to greet him 'Ay,' quoth Jaques,

"Sacep on, you fat and growy citizens, and look.
The just the fashion—wherefore do you look.
Upon that poor and broken bank rupt there?"
Thus most invectively he pierceth through a street body of the country, city, court.
Yes, and of this our life, exercing, that we have more usupers, tyrants, and what's worse,
To fright the animals, and to kill them up
In their assigned and native dwelling place.

Duke S And did you leave him in this contemplation?

2 Lord We did, my lord, weeping and commenting

Upon the sobbing deer

Dule S Show me the place.

I love to cope him in these sullen hits, We grant of For then he's full of matter

2 Lord I'll bring you to him straight [Exaunt

Scene II —A Room in the Palace.

Enter Duke Fri praice, Lords, and Attendants.

Duke F Can it be possible that no man s in them?

It cannot be some villains of my court

Are of consent and sufferance in this.

I Lord. I cannot he ir of any that did see her. The ladies, her attendants of her chamber. ·Sw her a-bed, and, in the morning early. They found the bed untreasured of their mistress 2 Lord My lord, the roy nish clown, it whom so oft Your grace was wont to laugh, is also missing Hesperia, the princess' gentlewoman, and and Confesses that she secretly o'enheard · Your daughter and her cousin much commend The parts and graces of the wrestler That did but lately foil the sinewy Charles. And she believes, wherever they are gone. That youth is surely in their company Dul. I. Send to his brother, fetch that gallant lather .

Scine III.—Before Oliver's House

Inter Orlando and Adam, meeting

Orl. Who's there's

Adam What, my joing master?—O my gentle

master.

O my sweet master, O you memory
Of old Sn Rowland, why, what make you here?
Why are you virtuous? why do people love you?
And wherefore are you gentle, strong, and valunt?
Why would you be so fund to overcome
The bony passer of the humbjons dulte?
Your pruse is come too swiftly home before you.
Know you not, master, to some I ind of men
Their graces serve them but as enemies?
No more do yours your virtues, gentle master,
Are sanctified and holy traiters to you.

O, what a world is the, when what is comely
Envenous him that he use it!

Orl Why, whats the matter?

Adam

O unhappy youth,

Come not within these doors within this roof

The enemy of all your graces have

Your brother—(no, no brother yet the son—

Yet not the son—I will not call him son

Of him I was about to call his father)—

Hath heard your praises, and this night he means

To burn the lodging where you use to he,

And you within it if he fail of that,

He will have other me ins to cut you off.

I overheard him, and his practices in a butchery.

Abhor it, fear it, do not enter it.

Or? Why, whither, Adam, wouldst thou have me go?

Adam. No matter whither, so you come not

Ork What, wouldst thou have me go and beg' my food,

Or with a base and boosterous sword enforce to the A thievish hi ing on the common road?

This I must do, or know not what to do, Yet this I will not do, do how I can as a control of a diverted blood, and bloods brother. The Adam But do not so I have five hundred

The flurity large I saved under your father, the Which I did store to be my foster-nurse. When service should in my old limbs lie lame, And integrated age in corners thrown. Take that; and He that doth the rayens feed, Yea, providently caters for the spurrow, He comfort to my age! Here is the gold; All this I give you. Let me be your servant: Though I look old, yet I am strong and lusty; For in my youth I never did apply. Hot and rebellious liquors in my blood; Nor did not with unbashful forchead woo. The means of weakness and debility;

Crowny,

Therefore my age 1, as a lusty winter,

Trosty, but kindly Let me go with you

Till do the service of a younger man

In all your business and necessities

Orl O good old man, how well in then appears
The constant service of the antique world,
When service sweat for duty, not for morel.
Thou art not for the fashion of these times,
Where none will swe it but for promotion.
And having that, do choke their service up
Even with the having at is not so with thee.
But, poor old man, thou prints a rotten tree
That cannot so much as a blossom yield
In her of all thy pains and husbandry to the rests
But come thy ways, well go along together;
And ere we have the youthful wages spent,
We'll light upon some settled low context.

Adam Master, go on, and I will follow thee To the last gasp with truth and loyalty. From seventeen years till now almost fourscore, Here hield I, but now live here to more. At seventeen years many their fortunes seek; But at fourscore it is too late a week and his Yet Yet Fortune cannot recompense me latter. Than to die well, and not my master's debtor.

` { [Excunt

Scene IV —The Forest of Arden.

Enter Rosalind in boy's clothes, Cilia dressed like a shepherdess, and Touchstonic

Ros O Jupiter, how weary are my spirits.

Touch I care not for my spirits, if my legs were

Ros I could find in my heart to disgrace my man's apparel, and to cry like a woman, but I must comfort the weaker vessel, as doublet and hose ought to show itself courageous to petricoat therefore, courage, good Ahena

Cel I pray you, bear with me; I can go no further.

Touch For my part, I had rather bear with, you than bear you yet I should bear no cross, if I did bear you, for I think you have no money in your purse

Ros Well, this is the forest of Arden

Touch Ay, now am I in Aiden, the more fool I, when I was at home, I was in a better place. but travellers must be content

Ros Ay, be so, good Touchstone —Look you, who comes here, a young man, and an old, in solemn talk

Enter Conty and Susus

Cor That is the way to make her scorn you still

Sil O Corin, that thou knew at how I do love

Cor I partly guess, for I have loved cre now.

Sil No, Corin, being old, then caust not guess.

Though in the youth then wast as true a lover.

As ever sighed upon a midnight pillow.

But if the love were ever hile to mine,

As sure I think did never man love so,

How many actions most ridiculous.

Hast thou been drawn to by the fautour? ' - co Cor Into a thousand that I have forgotten.

Sik O, thou didst then ne'er love so heartily: If thou remember'st not the slightest folly

That ever love did make thee run into,

Thou hast not loved

Or if thou hast not sat, as I do now, Wearing thy hearer in thy mistress' praise,

Thou hast not loved

Or if thou hast not broke from company Abruptly, as my passion now makes me, ~ Thou hast not loved—O Phebe, Phebe 103

Exit

Ros Ains, poor shepherd! searching of thy

Touch. And I mine I remember, when I was in love I broke my sword upon a stone, and bid him take that for coming a-night to Jane Smile, and I remember the kissing of her batter, and the cow's dugs that her pretty chopped hands had milked; and I remember the wooling of a peascod instead of her, from whom I took two cods, and, giving her them again, said with weeping tents, "Wear these for my sake. We that are true lovers run into stringe cipers; but as all is mortal in nature, so is all nature in love mortal in folly

Ros Thou speakest wiser than thou art ware of Touch. Nay, I shall ne'er be ware of nine own wit till I brank ray shins against it

Ros. Jose, Jose ' this shepherd's passion

I- much upon my fashion.

Touch And mine; but it grows something state with me.

Gel I pray you, one of you question youd intin.

If he for gold will give us any food:

I faint almost to death

Touch Holla, you clown!

Ros Peace, fool he's not thy kinsman.

Cor. Who calls a

Touch You betters, ur.

Con Ese are they very wretched
Ros Penes, I sav.

Good even to you, friend

Cor And to you, gentle sir, and to you all

Ros I prythee, sliepherd, if that love or gold

Can in this desert place buy entertainment,

Bring us where we may rest ourselves and feed

Here's a young maid with trivel much appressed,

And faints for succour

And wish, for her sake more than for mine own, My fortunes were more able to relieve her;
But I am shepherd to another man,
And do not sheer the fletces that I grave, the My master is of churlish disposition.

And little ricks to find the will to heaven By doing deeds of hospitality.

Besides, his cote, his flocks, and hounds of feed, Are now on sale; and at our sheepcote now, By reason of his absence, there is nothing.

That you will feed on, but what is come see, & And in my voice most welcome shill you be a

Ros. What is he that shall buy his flock and pasture?

Cor That young smain that you saw here but crewhile,

That little cares for buying anything

Res. I pray thee, if it stand with honesty,
Buy thou the cottage, pasture, and the flock,
And thou shalt have to pay for it of us received
Cel. And we will mend thy mages. I like this place,

And willingly could waste my time in it.

Cor Assaredly, the thing is to be sold:

Go with me if you like, upon report, the soil, the profit, and this kind of life,

I will your very faithful feeder be, And buy it with your gold right suddenly.

[Excunt.

Scene V —Another Part of the Forest Enter Amirns, Jaques, and others

Song

Ami. Under the greenwood tree

No loves to be with me,

And tune his merry note

Unto the sweet bird's throat,

Come hither, come hither, come hither:

Here shall he see

No enemy

But winter and rough weather Jag More, more, I printhee, more

Amr. It will make you melancholy, Monseeur Jaques.

Jud I thank it More, I pristice, more I can suck inclanchols out of a song, as a measure such seggs. More, I pristice, more

Ami My voice is ragged, I know I cannot phase you

Jaq I do not desire you to please me, I do desire you to sing. Come more, another stanza. Call you 'em stanzas?

Am What you will, Monsieur Jaques.

Jaq. Nay, I care not for their names, they owe me nothing. Will you sing?

Ami More at your request than to please myself.

Jaq Well then, if over I think any man, I'll thank you but that they all compliment is like the encounter of two dog apes; and when a man thanks me hearthly, methinks I have given him a penny, and he renders me the beggarly thanks. Come, sing, and you that will not hold your tongues

Am Well, I'll end the song —Sirs, cover the while, the duke will drink under this tree —He hath been all this day to look you

, John And I have been all this day to avoid him He is too disputable for my company I

think of as many matters as he, but I give Heaven thanks, and make no boast of them Come, warlie, come Thank

Song

[11] together here

Who do'k ambition shim, And loves to lite i' the sun, . Seeking the food he cats, And pleased with what he get Come lither, come hither, come hither:

Here shall be see

No enemy

But winter and rough weather

Jag I'll give you a verse to this note, that I made yesterday in despite of my invention.

Ami And I'll sing it.

Jag Thus it goes-

If it do come to pass

That any man twen ass, —
Leaving his wealth and cass
A stubborn will to please,

Durdame, ducdame, ducdame.

Here shall he see

Gross fools as hc, ξ_{ij} An if he will come to me.

C-50

•

Ami What's that ducdame?

Juq 'T is a Greek invocation to call fools into a circle. I'll go sleep if I can, if I cannot, I'll mil against all the first-born of Tgypt

Am And I'll go seek the duke his brinquet is proposed [Execute secontly

Serve VI -Another Part of the Porest

Enter Orlando and Anny

Adam Dear master, I can go no further O. I die for food! Here he I down, and measure out my grave. Farewell, hand master

ork Why, how now, Adam't no greater heart in thee? Live a little, comfort a little; theer this self a little. If this uncouth forest yield anything savage, I will either be food for it, or bring it for food to thee. Thy concert is nearer death than thy powers. For my sale be comfortable, hold death awhile at the arm's end. I will here be with thee presently, and if I bring thee not some thing to eit, I will give thee leave to die but if thou dust before I come, thou art a mocker of my labour. Well said, thou look'st cheerily, and I'll be with thee quickly.—Yet thou liest in the blerk

arr come, I will bear thee to some shelter, and thou shalt not die for lack of a dinner, if there live anything in this desert. Cheerly, good Adam!

SCENE VIL-Another Part of the Forest.

A table set out Enter Duke Senior, Amiens, and others

 $Dnk \cdot S$ I think he be transformed into a heast, For I can nowhere find him like a man

I Lord My lord, he is but even now gone hence.

Here was he merry, hearing of a song

Duke S. If he, compact of jars, grow musical,

We shall have shortly discord in the spheres

Go, seek him tell him, I would speak with him

1 Lord. He saves my labour by his own

Enter JAQUES

approach.

Dule & Why, how now, monsieur, what a life is this,

That your poor friends must woo your company?

What, you look merrily

Jag A fool, a fool — I met a fool i' the forest,

A mother fool;—a miserable world!—

As I do have by food, I met a fool, who laid him down and basked him in the sun, And railed on Lady Fortune in good terms, In good set terms,—and yet a motley fool! Good morrow, fool, quoth I—' No, sir, quoth he,

'Call me not fool, till Heaven lith sent me

And then he drew a dial from his poke, And looking on it with look-laster eye, Says very wisely, "It is ten o'clock : Thus may we see,' quoth he, 'how the world wags: 'T is but an hour ago since it was nine, And after one hour more 't will be eleven: And so from hour to hour we ripe and ripe, And then from hour to hour we rot and rot, And thereby hangs a tale.' When I did hear The motley fool thus moral on the time. My lungs began to erow like chanticleer, That fools should be so deep-contemplating; And I did laugh, sans intermission, An hour by his dial -O noble fool ' A worthy fool! Motley's the only near, \

Duke & What fool is this?

Jaq O worthy fool -One that hath been a

And says, if ladies be but young and fair,

They have the gift to know it, and in his brain, Which is as dry as the remainder biscuit After a voyage, he hath strange places canimined With observation, the which he vents In mangled forms -O, that I were a fool I am ambitious for a motley coat.

Duke S Thou shalt have one

" Jag It is my only suit: Provided that you need your better-judgments Of all opinion that grows mak in them the That I am wise . I must have liberty Withal as large a charter as the wind, Willia Ce To blow on'whom I picase, for so fools have . And they that are most galled with my folly and they They most must laugh And why, so, must they

301 MANUTE

The way is plain as way to purish church He, thit a fool doth very wisely list Doth very foolishly, although he smart, Not to seem stasplees of the hob, if not, The vise marks folly is anatomised Even by the squandering glances of the fool 2 '- Investme in my motley; give me leave To speak my mind, and I will through and through Lie 1 1 13 Cleanse the foul body of the infected world, If they will patiently receive my medicine

Duke S. Fre on thea! I can tell what thou wouldst do

Jag What, for a counter, would I do but good!
Dule S Most mischievous foul sin, in chiding

For thou thyself hast been a libertime. As account as the brutish sting itself; * And all the embossed sores, and headed evits Plant thou with heense of free foot hast caught, Wouldst thou disgorge into the general world

Ing Why, who cries out on prode, . That can therein tax any private perty? Doth it not flow as hugely as the activity "I'll that the customary means do chb!" What woman in the city do I name, When that I say the city-woman bear. The cost of princes on unworthy shoulders 2 Who can come in, and say that I mean her, When such a one as the much is her neighbour Or what is he of lasest function, That says his brancis is not on my cost,-Thinking that I mean him, but therein suits His folly to the mettle of my speech? There then , how then? what then? Let me see rou wherein;

My tongue hath wronged him - if it do him right, Then he hath wronged himself, if he be free, Why, then my taxing like a wild-goose flies, Unclaimed of they man - But who comes here ?

Enter OLLANDO, with his sword drewn.

Orl. Forbear, and cat no more.

Jaq. Why, I have cat none yet. Orl. Not shall not, till necessity be served

Jag Of what kind should this cock coinc of

Duke S Art thou thus holdened, man, by the distress,

Or else a rude despiser of good manners,

That in civility thou seem'st so empty ? The constant

Orl. You touched my vein at first . the thorny point

Of bare distress hath talen from me the show Of smooth civility; yet am I inland bred color And know some his luke. But for bear, I kay

- He does that touches any of this fruit,

Till I and inv affairs are answered

Jag An you will not be answered with reasons

I must die

Duke & What would you have? Your gentle

ness shall force. I want to gentleness.

Orl I almost die for food, and let me have it

Duke S Sit down and feed, and welcome to our
table.

Oil Spink you so gently I Previou me. I pray 1011

I thought that all things had been tryage lors, And therefore put I on the countenance Of stein communiquent But whatehe you are, That'm this desert innecessible, . " . " Under the sleade of melanchels boughs, Lose and neglect the creeping hours of time. If ever you have looked on better days, 13 If ever been where bolls have knolled to a If over sat at any good man's feast, If ever from your cycleds usped a tran, And know what the to paty, and be patied, Let gentleness my strong enforcement be In the which hope I blush, and hide my sword Duke S True is it that we have seen better

daye,

And have with holy bell been I nolled to church, And sat at good men's fersts, and wiped our eyes Of drops that sacred pity bath engendered: And therefore sit you down in centleness, And take upon command what help we have That to your wanting may be immistered

Orl Then, but forbear your food a little while Whiles, like a doc, I go to find my fawn. And give it food There is an old poor man, Who after me hath many a neary step

Lamped in pure love till he be first sufficed,—
Oppressed with two weak evils, age and hunger,—
I will not touch a bit

Dule S Go find him out,
And we will nothing white till you return
On! I thank ye, and be blessed for your good
comfort! [Exit

Duke S. Thou seest, we are not all alone unhappy.:

This wide and universal theatre

Presents more worful pageants than the scene Wherein we play in

All the world's a stage, And all the men and women merely players. They have their exits and their entrances, And one man in his time plays many parts, His acts being seven facts. At first, the infant, Mexicog and pulking in the nurse's arms.

And shining morning face, crecining like shall the Unwillingly to school. And then, the lover, Sigling like furnace with a woful ballad. Shall & Made to his mistross eyebrow. Then, a soldier, Full of strange outhe, and bearded like the paid of Jealous in honour sudden and quick in quariel, Stelling the pubble reputation.

Even in the cumon'r month. And then, the justice, 1.65;

In far round bells with good expandings.
With eyes serve and benef of formal cut,
Full of wise saws and modern instruces;
And so be placed his part. The sixth age shifts
Into the lean and shippered partideon.
With spectacles on nose and paneli on side;
With spectacles on nose and paneli on side;
His youthful hose well rived, a world too wide
For his shrunk shouk, and his big manly voice;
Turning again toward children treble, papes
And whistles in his sound. Lost scene of all,
That ends this strange eventful history.
Is second childreness and mere oblivion.
Sans teeth, same eyes, sans taste, sans everything

Reenter OPIANDO, with ADSE.

Duke S Welcome. Set down your venerable burden,

And let him feed

Oil I thank you most for him Adam So had you need a transfer to the serve can speak to thank you for myself

Lacarce can speak to thank you for myself

Duke S Welcome, fall to I will not trouble
you

As yet to question you about your fortunes. Give us some music, and, good cousin, sing

Soxg

Ami. Blow, blow, thou winter wind,
Thou art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;
Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,

Although thy breath be rude.

Heigh, ho! sing, heigh, ho! unto the green holly.

Most friendship is frighting, most loving mere folly.

Then, heigh, ho! the holly!

This life is most jolly

Freeze, freeze, thou bitter sky,

That dost not bite so nigh

As benefits forgot

Though thou the waters was p,

Thy sting is not so sharp

As friend remainbered not.

Heigh, hol sing, de.

Duke S. If that you were the good Su Rowland's

As you have whispered faithfully you were, And as mine eye doth his effigies witness. Most truly limited and living in your face, Be truly welcome hither. I'm the duke, That loved you father. The revelue of your for-

Go to my case and tell me —Gerel old mar, Thou art right welcome as thy master is Support him by the arm —Gree me your hand,— And let me all your fortune a understand. (Exempt

ACTIII

Serve I -A Room in the Palice,

Enter Duke Fri verica, Ouver, and attendants

Duke I' Not sea him since the Sir, sir, that cannot be

But were I not the better part made mercy, I should not seek an absent argument. Of my revenge, thou present. But look to it: Find out thy brother, wheresoe or he is; Seek him with candle, bring him, de id or living. Within this twelvementh, or turn thou no more. To seek a living in our territory. Thy lands, and all things that thou dost call thine, Worth seizure, do we seize into our hands.

Till thou canst quit then by thy brother's mouth

Of what we think against thee.

Oh O, that your highness knew my heart in this!

I never loved my brother in my life

Duke F More villain thou —Well, push him out of doors;

And let my officers of such a nature.

Make an extent upon his house and lands.

Do this expediently, and turn him going. [Excunt.

Sceve IL—The Forest of Arden.

Enter Onlando, with a paper

And thou, thrice-crowned queen of night, survey With thy chaste eye, from thy pale sphere above, Thy huntress' name, that my full life doth sway. O Rosalind! these trees shall be my books, And in their barks my thoughts I'll character, That every eye, which in this forest looks, Shall see thy virtue witnessed everywhere Run, run, Orlando carve on every tree The fair, the chaste, and unexpressive she. [Exit

Enter CORIN and TOUCHSTONE

Cor. And how like you this shepherd's life, Master Touchstone?

Touch. Truly, shepherd, in project in arm, it is a good life, but in respect, that it is a shepherd's life, it is naught. In respect that it is politarial like it very well, but in respect that it is private, it is a very vile life. Now, in respect it is in the helds, it please them well; but in respect, it is not in the court, it is tedious. As it is a lipara life, look you, it its my humour well but as there is no more pleats in it, it goes much against my stomach. Hast any plulosophy in thee, thep-herd?

Cor No more but that I know the more one sickens the worse at case he is; and that he that wants money, means, and content, is without three good friends, that the property of rain is to wet, and fire to burn, that good pasture makes fat sheep, and that a great came of the night is lack of the sun, that he that both learned no wit by Nature nor Art may complain of good breeding, or comes of a very dull kindred.

Touch Such a one is a natural philosopher. Wast ever in court, shepherd?

4

Cor No, truly

Touch Then thou art damned

Cor Nay, I hope,-

Touch Iruly, thou art damned, like an ill-roasted egg, all on one side

Cor For not being at court? Your reason

Touch Why, if thou never wast at court, thou never saw'st good manners; if thou never saw'st good manners, then thy manners must be wicked. and wickedness, is sin, and sin is damnation. Thou art in a parlous state, shepherd

Cor. Not a whit Touchstone those that are good manners at the court, are as ridiculous in the country as the behaviour of the country is most mockable et the court . You told me you salute not at the court, but you kiss your hands that courtesy would be uncleanly, if courtiers were shepherds

Touch. Instance, briefly , come, instance

Cor. Why, we are still handling our ewes, and their fells, you know, are greasy. 11.15

Touch Why, do not your courtier's hands sweat? and is not the grease of a mutton as wholesome as the sweat of a man? Shallow, shallow A better instance, I say; come.

Cor Besides, our hands are hard

Touch Your lips will feel them the sooner.

challow again A more sounder instance, come . Cor. And they are often tarred over with the surgery of our sheep; and would you have us kiss tar? The courtier's hands are perfumed with -civet

Touch Most shallor man! Then uproving at in respect of a good piece of flesh indeed!—Learn of the wise, and perpend, that is of a laser little than tar, the very uncleanly flux of a cat. Merd the instance, shopherd.

Cor You have too courtly a wit for ma: I'll rest.

Touch Wilt thou rest damned? God help thee, shallow man. God make incision in thee, thou art new

Cor Sir, I am a true labourr I carn that I cat, get that I wear, one no man hate, envy no man's happiness, glid of other men's good, content with my haim, and the greatest of my pride is, to see my ewes graze and my lambs such.

Touch. That is another simple sin in you, to bring the eves and the runs together, and to offer to get your hing by the copulation of cuttle; to be bawd to a bell wether, and to betray a she-lamb of a twelvementh, to a crooked pated, old euckoldly run, out of all reasonable match. If then be'st not damned for this, the devil himself will have no shepherds: I cannot see else how thou should'st scape

Cor Here comes young Master Ganymede, my new mustress's brother.

Enter Rosalind, reading a paper

Pos. From the east to western Index No jescel as like Rosalind Her worth, being mounted on the wind. Through all the world bears Rosalind Are lost black to Rosaland. Let no face be kept in mind v

But the face of Rosalind (5)
Touch. I'll thym's you so eight years together, dunners, and suppers, and alcoping hours excepted: it is the right butter-women's rank to market

Ros. Out, fool

Touch. For a taste - Control of the Pin loleeIf a hart do lack a hind, es

Let him seek out Rosalind If the cat will after kind. So, be sure, will Rosalind Winter garments must be lined, 11 So must slender Rosalind They that reap must sheaf and bind. Then to cart with Resalud Sweetest nut hath for est rind. Such a nut is Rosalind He that sweetest rose will find. Must find love's prick and Rosalind

This is the very false gallop of veries, why do you infect yourself with them?

Ros Peace, you dull fool: I found them on a tree Touch Teely, the tree yields but fruit

Ros I'll graff it with you, and then I shall graff it with a median; then it will be the earliest fruit i' the countre,, for you'll be rotten ere you be half upe, and that's the right virtue of the median

Touch You have said, but whether wisely or no, let the forest judge

Ros Peace!

Here comes my sister, reading si and saide.

Enter Criax, reading a paper.

Cel Why should this a desert be?

For it is impropled? No,

Tongues I'll hang on every tees,

That shall civil sayings show

Some, how brief the life of mem

Runs his erring pilgrimage,

That the stritching of a span

Buckles in his sum of age.

Some, of violated voics

'Twirt the souls of friend and firend

But upon the fairest boughs,

Or at every sentence' end,

Will I Rosalinda write.

Teaching all that read, to know The quanter fire of every sprite . Heaven would in little shou Therefore Heaven Nature charged That one body should be filled With all graces icide enlarged. 35 Nature presently distilled Helen's cheek, but not her heart. Oleonatra's majesty, Atalanta's heller part. 6:2 Sad Lucretin's modesty Thus Rosalind of many parts By heavenly symod was devised, Of many faces, eyes, and hearts To have the touches dearest prized Hearen would that she these gifts should have. And I to live and die her slave

Justic.

Ros O most gentle Jupiter, what tedious homily of love have you wearied your parishioners withal and never cried, 'Have patience, good people!'

Cel How now? back friends, shepherd, go off a little-go with him, sirrah

Touch Come, shepherd, let us make an honourable retreat, though not with bag and baggage, yet with scrip and scrippage

[Exeunt Corn and Touchstone.

Cel Dulat than mar the a verses?

Ros O. .. I hear I them all, and more too; for some of them had in them more feet than the ver is would be in

Cel That's no matter the feet might bear the 177514

Ros Ay, but the feet were lame, and could not bear themselves without the verse, and therefore. stood lamely in the vers

Cel But didst thou hear without wondering how thy name should be harged and carried upon these trees ?

Ros I was seven of the nine days out of the wonder before you came, for look here what I -found on a palm-tree. I was never so be rhy med since Pythagoris' time, that I was an Irish rat, which I can hardly remainer

Cel Trow you who hath done this?

Ros Is it a man !

Cel And a chain, that you once wore, about his neck Change you colour? In the test this

Ros I prythee, who?

Cel O Lord, Lord 1 it is a hard matter for friends to meet, but mountains may be removed with earthquakes, and so encounter

Ros Nay, but who is it?

Cel Is it possible?

Ros Nay, I pr'ythee, now, vith most petitionary vehemence, tell me who it is

Cel O, wonderful, wonderful, and most wonderful wonderful! and yet again wonderful! and after that, out of all whooping!

Ros Good my complexion! dost thou think, though I am exparisoned like a man, I have a doublet and hose in my disposition? One inch of delay more is a South Ser of discovery, I prythee, tell me, who is it, quickly, and speak apace. I would thou couldst stammer, that though mightst pour this concealed man out of thy mouth, as wine comes out of a narrow-mouthed bottle, either too much at once, or none at all. I prythee, take the cork out of thy mouth, that I may drink thy tidings.

Cel So you may put a man in your belly.

Ros Is he of God's making? What manner of man? Is his head worth a hat, or his chin worth a beard?

Cel Nay, he hath but a little beard

Ros. Why, God will send more, if the man will be thankful. Let me stay the growth of his beard, if thou delay me not the knowledge of his chin.

Gel It is young Orlando, that tripped up the wrestler's heels and your heart, both in an instant.

Res Nay, but the devil take mocking: speal, and brow and true maid

Cel I faith, coz, 'tix he,

Res. Orlando ?

Cel Orlando

Res Alas the day! what shall I do with my doublet and hove? -What that he who a thou sawist hun? What said he? How look'd he? Where in went hell. What makes he here? Did he ask for me? Where remains he? How parted he with thre, and when shalt thou see him again? Answer me in one word - 500 CA

Cel You must borrow me Gargantus's mouth first tis a word too great for any mouth of this age's size. To say any and no to these particulars is more than to answer in a citichism

Ros' But doth he know that I am in this forest, and in man's apparel? Looks he as freshly as he did the day he wrestled?

Cel It is no cress to count atomics, as to resolve the propositions of a lover, but take a taste of my finding him, and relish it with good observance. I found him under a tree, like a dropped acorn.

Ros It may well be called Jove's tree, when it drops forth such fruit.

Col. There by he, were hed along like a wounded knowle.

He. Though it be pity to a such a night, it would become the ground.

Ch. Cry kolls to the tongue, I prothese it counting or if earlie. He was furnished like a hour r.

Ros O, graing of herene to kill nor heart . - 's

CV. I would sing my rong without a burden, then bringer not out of time.

Dox Dayon not know I am a nowan ! when I thell has track. Sweet, say on.

Of You being my one. Safe' comes he not heget

Not. Ti has giff by, and have him
(Ros same and Cruss rouse.

Eine Offanno an Chapter

Jay. I should you by your emperit? het, food fault I had as he f have he in myrelf alone

114. Ap I so had I, but set for frehunia rake, I thank you too for your society.

And, trad hely your letter proof on little on we

Oct I do do in- we may be better strangers.

July I proposite, many not have trees with arrival lock songs in their barbs.

Orl I pray you, mar no more of my verses will reading them ill favouredly.

Jag Rosalud is your love's remot

Orl. Yes, met

Jag I do not like her name.

Orl There was no thought of pleasing yes when the was christiand - the A

Jag What stature is sho of t

Orl Just as high ne my heart, with le

Jay You are full of pretty answers. Here don not pron uchning with Kolyswitz, such and conned them out of rings for Exage

Orl Not so; but I nower you right pouled cloth, from where you have rtudied your questions

Jaq You have a numble wit I think true made of Atalanta's heels Will you set down with me I and we two will red against our mistaes the world, and all our mucry.

Ork I will clude no breather in the world but my self, against whom I know most faults

Jaq The worst fault you have is to be in love

Orl. 'T is a fault I will not change for your best virtue I am weary of you

Jag By my troth, I was seeking for a feel when I found you

Orl. He is drowned in the brook look but in, and you shall see him

Jaq There I shall see muc own figure

Orl. Which I take to be either a fool or a cypher

Jaq. I'll tarry no longer with you farewell, good Signior Love.

Orl. I am glad of your departure adieu, good Monsicur Melancholy

[Exit Jaques -Rosalind and Celia come forward

Ros [Aside to CELIA]. I will speak to him like a surey lackey, and under that habit play the knave with him —Do you hear, forester?

Orl Very well. what would you? - STONE.

Ros I pray you, what is 't o'clock !

Orl. You should ask me, what time o' day. there's no clock in the forest

Ros. Then, there is no true lover in the forest; else sighing every minute, and groaning every hour, would detect the lazy foot of Time as well as a clock.

Orl And why not the swift foot of Time? had not that been as proper?

Ros By no means, sir Tune travels in divers

paces with divers persons I'll tell you, who

Time ambles withal, who Time trots withal, who

Time gallops with il, and who he stands still witted

Orl I pristher, who doth he dred with all

Ros Marry, he trot Jerry with a young tand, between the contract of her marriage and the day "it is solemnised. If the invitin to hat a vimight Time's pace is so hard that it remarthe length of ecton years.

Orl Who ambles I me withal ! Row With a priest that hiel a Latin, paid a geb man that buth not the gout , for the of Sheeps easily, because he cannot study, and the offer lives mornly because he feels no pain: the our lacking the burden of lean and wasteful learning. the other knowing no burden of heavy tedious hanny . These Time ambles without

Oil Who doth he gallop withal I Ros With a thief to the gillow: for though he go as softly as foot can fall, he thinks hunself too soon there

Orl Who stays it still within ?

Ros With lawyers in the vacation; for they sleep between term and term, and then they per ceive not how Time moves.

Orl. Where dwell you, pretty youth? "Thos With this shepherdess, my sister, here in the skirts of the forest, like fringe upon a pettieout

Orl. Are you native of this place?

Ros. As the cony, that you see dwell where she is kindled

Orl Your accent is something finer than you could purchase in so removed a dwelling

Ros I have been told so of many but, indeed, an old religious uncle of mine taught me to speak, who was an his youth an inland mair, one that how courtship too well, for there he fell in love I have heard him read many lectures against it, and I thank God, I am not a woman, to be touched with so many giddy offences as he hath generally taxed their whole sex withal

Orl. Can you remember any of the puncipal evils that he laid to the charge of women?

Ros There were none principal they were all like one another, as, half-pence are, every one fault seeming monstrous till its fellow fault came to match it

Ros No, I will not cast away my physic but on those that are sick. There is a man haunts the forest, that abuses our young plants with carring Rosalind on their barks, hangs odes upon hawthorns, and elegies on brambles, all, forsooth, defining the name of Rosalind if I could meet that fancy-monger, I would give him some good

counsel, for he seems to have the quartings or me

Orl I am he that is so love-shaked: I pray you, tell me your remedy.

Ros There is none of my unclose marks upon you he taught me how to know a man in love, in which cage of rushes. I am sure, you are not prisoner.

Orl What were his marks?

Now A lean cheek, which you have not; an unexperionable spirit, which you have not; an unequestionable spirit, which you have not; an unequestionable spirit, which you have not; an beard neglected, which you have not—but I pardon you for that, for simply, your having in beard is a younger brother a revenue—Then your hose should be ungariered, your bonnet unbanded, your sleeve unbuttoned, your shoo united, and everything about you demonstrating a careless desolution. But you are no such man you are rather point-device in your of contrain nis, as losing yourself, than seeming the lover of any other

Ork Pair youth, I would I could make ther believe I love.

Row Me believe it? you may as soon make her that you love believe it, which, I warrant, she is apter to do than to confess she does, that is one of the points in the which women still give the lie

to then consciences But, in good sooth, are you he that hangs the verses on the trees, wherein Rosalind is so admited?

Orl I swear to thee, youth, by the white hand of Rosalind, I am that he, that unfortunate he

Ros But are you so much in love as your rhymes speak?

Orl. Neither rhyme nor-reason can express how much

Ros. Love is merely a madness, and, I tell you, deserves as well a dark house and a whip as madmen do; and the reason why they are not so punished and cured is, that the lunacy is so ordinary that the whippers are in love too. Yet I profess curing it by counsel

Orl. Did you ever cure any so?

Ros. Yes, one, and in this manner He was to imagine me his love, his mistress, and I set him every day to woo me at which time would I, being but a modnish youth, grieve, be esseminate, changeable, longing, and liking, proud, fantastical, apish, shallow, inconstant full of tears, full of smiles, for every passion something, and for no passion truly anything, as boys and women are, for the most part, cattle of this colour would now life him, now loathe him, ther entertain him, then forswear him, now weep for him, then spit at him,

that I drave my summer from his mad humour of love, to a living humour of madness, which was to forswear the full stream of the world, and to have in a mook merely mona-tic. And thus I cared him, and in this way will I take upon me to with your liver as clean as a suind sheep, heart, that there thall not be one spot of love in the

Orl I would not be cured, youth

Ross I would care you, if you would but call me Rosalina, and come every day to my cofe, and was me

Orl Now, by the faith of my love, I will Tell me where it is

Ros Go with me to it, and I'll show it you, and, by the way, you shall tell me where in the forest you live. Will you go?

Orl With all my hart, good youth

Ros Nay, von must call me Rosalind.—Come, suster, will you go?

[Exerce! 6]

Sorni III -Another Part of the Forest

Enter Tolonstone and Audula . Jaques behind ...

Touch Come apace, good Audrey. I will fetch up your goats, Audrey And how, Audrey? am I the man yet? doth my simple feature content you?

And Your features? Lord warrant us! what features?

Touch, I am here with thee and thy goats, as the most capricions poet, houest Ovid, was among the Goths.

Jaq [And-] O knowledge, ill-inhabited, worse than Jose in a thatched house!

Touch When a man's verses cannot be understood, nor a man's good wit seconded with the forward child understanding, it strikes a man more dead than a great reckoning in a little room—Truly, I would the gods had made thee poetical

And I do not know what poetical is. Is it honest in deed and word? Is it a true thing?

Touch. No, truly, for the truest poetry is the, most figuring, and lovers are given to poetry, and what they swear in poetry, may be said, as lovers they do feign

And Do you wish, then, that the gods had made me poetical?

Touch I'do, truly, for thou swear'st to me thou art honest, now, if thou wert a poet, I might have some hope thou didst feign

And. World you not have me honest?

Touch. No. truly, unless thou wert lardforeign for honesty coupled to beauty, is to have
hove y a sauce to sugar.

Jag [danie] A parterial fool

And Well I un not fur, and therefore I provide gods make me homest.

Touch Truly and event away henceyeques a foul slut were to jest good ment into an unclean dish

And I am not a slut, though I thank the gain

Touch Well, press d by the gold for the foil now sluttished may come herefor. But be it as it may be, I will marry thee; and to that ead, I have been and Sir Oliver Mar text, the view of the next adlage, who had promised to meet me in this place of the forest, and to couple us.

Jag [Axide] I would fain see this meeting Aud. Well, the gold give us joy?

Touch Arrer A men may, if he were of a fearful heart, stagger in this attempt; for here we have no temple but the wood, no assembly but horn beasts. But what though? Courage! As horns are odious, the are necessary. It is sail, 'Many a man knows no end of his goods' right; many a man has good horns, and knows no end of them. Well, that is the down of his wife, 't is none of his own getting. Horns, even so. Poor men alone?—No, no, the noblest deer hath them us huge as the rascal. Is the single man therefor.

blessed? No as a walled town is more worther than a village, so is the forehead of a married man more honourable than the bare brow of a bachelor, and by how much defence is better than no skill, by so much is a horn more precious than to want Here comes Sir Olivei

Enter Sir Oliver Mar-text

Sir Oliver Mar-text, you are well met will you despatch us here under this tree, or shall we go with you to your chapel?

Sir Oli Is there none here to give the woman?

Touch I will not take her on gift of any man.

Sir Oli. Truly, she must be given, or the marriage is not lawful

In [Coming forward] Proceed, proceed I'll give her

Touch Good even, good Master What ye call the how do you, sir? You are very well met God ild you for your last company. I am very glad to see you—Even a toy in hand here, sir—Nay, pray, be covered.

Jaq Will you be married, motley?

Touch As the ox hath his bow, sir, the horse his curb, and the falcon her bells, so man hath his desires, and as pigeons bill, so wedlock would be nibbling

Jag And will you, being a min of your breeding, be married under a bush, like a beggar? Get you to church, and have a good priest that can tell you what marriage is the fellow will but join you together as they join wanterst, they one of you will prove a shrunt much, and, like green tunler, warp, warp

Touch [Aside] I am not in the mind but I were better to be married of lain them of another; for he is not like to marry me well, and not being well married, it will be a good exerce for me here after to leave my wife.

Jag Go thou with me, and let me commel thee
Touch Come, sweet Audres.

We must be married, or we must live in Lawdry.
Farewell, good Master Oliver'—Not.

O sweet Oliver! O brave Oliver!

Leve me not behind thre:

but,-

Wind away, Begone I say,

I will not to wedding with thee

[Event Jaques, Touchstone, and Audher. ... Sir Oh. T is no matter ne'er a fantastical knave of them all shall float me out of my calling Exc.

Scene IV.—Another Part of the Forest. Before a Cottage

Enter ROSALIND and CLIM

Ros. Never talk to me, I will weep

Cel. Do, I prythee: but yet have the grace to consider that tears do not become a man.

Ros But have I not cause to weep?

Gel. As good cause as one would desire, therefore weep.

Ros. His very han is of the dissembling colour, Gel Something browner than Judas's Marry, his kisses are Judas's own children

Res Thaith, his han is of a good colour

Cd An excellent colour, your chestnut was ever the only colour.

Ros And his kissing is as full of sanctity as the touch of holy bread.

Cel. He both bought a pair of cast has of Diana a num of winter's sisterhood kisses not more religiously, the very ice of clustity is in them.

Ros But why did he swear he would come this morning, and comes not !

Cel Nay, certainly, there is no truth in him

Ros Do you think so ?

Cel Yes. I think he is not a pick-purse, nor a

horse-stealer, but for his writy in love, I do think him as concave as a covered goldet or a normeater nut

Ros Not true in love ?

Cel Yes, when he is in; but I think he is not in.
Ros You have heard him swear downright he

Cel Was is not is besides, the outh of a lover is no stronger than the word of a taggic; they are both the confirmers of false rectoning. He attends here in the forest on the duke your father.

Ros I met the duke yesterday, and had much question with him. He asked me, of what parentage I was. I told him, of an good as he, so he laughed and let me go. But what talk we of fathers, when there is such a man as Orlando !

Cel O, that's a brave man' he writer brise - verses, speaks brive words, swears brave ouths and breaks them bravels, quite travers, athwart the heart of his lover, as a puny tilter that spurs his horse but on one side breaks his stiff like a noble goose. But all's brave that youth mounts and folly guides.—Who comes here?

Enter Corts

Cor Mistress and master, you are oft in-

After the shepherd that complained of love, Who you saw sitting by me on the turf Praising the proud disdainful shepherdess That was his mistress.

Cel. Well, and what of him?

Cor. If you will see a pageant truly played Between the pale complexion of true love And the red glow of scorn and proud disdain, Go hence a little, and I shall conduct you, If you will mark it.

Ros O, come, let us remove:
The sight-of-lovers feedeth those in love.—
Bring us to see this sight, and you shall say
I'll prove a busy actor in their play.

[Excunt.]

SCENE V -Another Part of the Forest.

Enter SILVIUS and PHEBE

Sil Sweet Phebe, do not scorn me, do not, Phebe

Say that you love me not, but say not so
In bitterness. The common executioner,
Whose heart the accustomed sight of death makes,

Lalls not the axe upon the humbled neck

But first bega pardon mill you sterner be. Than he that dies and have by bloody drops?

Enter ROSALIND, Critis, and Corp., behind

The I would not be the executioner:

I fly thee, for I would not injure thee

Thou tell at me, there is murch r in inne eye:

"I is pretty, sure, and very probable.

That eyes—that are the fruitst and softest things.

Who shut their coward gages on atomics.—

Should be called triants, butchers, murderers!

Now I do frown on thee with all my heart;

And if mine eves can wound, now let them kill

Now counterfest to second, who new fall down;
Or, if those cause not, O, for shome, for shame,
Lie not, to say more eyes are murderers.
Now show the wound more eye hith made in thee:
Scratch thee but with a pin, and there remains.
Some scar of it, lead but upon a ruch, which
The cicatrice and capable impression.
The palm some moment keeps, but now more eyes,
Which I have darted at thee, burt thee not,
Not, I am sure, there is no force in eyes.
That can do hurt.

Sil Odiar Phebe,

If ever (as that ever may be near)

You meet in some freelighted the power of fancy,

Then shall you know the wounds invisible That love's keen arrows make.

Phe

But till that time

Come not thou near me and when that time

Afflict me with thy mocks, pity me not, As till that time I shall not pity thee

Ros [Coming forward] And why, I pray you?

Who might be your mother, That you insult, exult, and all at once,

Over the wretched? What though you have no beauty

(As, by my faith, I see no more in you Than without candle may go dark to bed) Must you be therefore proud and pitiless? Why, what means this? Why do you look on

I see no more in you, than in the ordinary
Of nature's sale work and is my little life.

I think she means to tangle my eyes too
No, 'faith, proud mistiess, hope not after it
'T is not your inky brows, your black silk hair,
Your bugle eye balls nor your cheek of cream,
That can entame my spirits to your worship—
You foolish shepheid, wherefore do you follow her,
Like foggy south, puffing with wind and rain?
You are a thousand times a properer man,

Then she a noman to seach fools as you. That make the needle full of all favoured children. It is not her glass, but you, that letters her, And out of you she seach roll more project. Than and of her his contact was show her. But, mistress, know your identified down on your laces.

And thank Herren, fraing, for a good week

For I must tell you fromily in your cur,—
Sell when you can you are not for all markets.

Cry the man mercy, love him, take his offer to be a realist.

Foul is most foul, being foul to be a realist.

So, take her to, thee, she phord—Fare you well.

The Sweet youth, I pray you, chide a year together.

I had rather hear you choic than this man woo works. He's fillen in love with jour horizon see, and she il fall in love with my anger. If it he co, as fast as she inswers thee with frowning look of source, her with bitter words.—Why look you so upon me?

Ple For no ill will I hear you. And the Ros I pray you, do not fall in love with me, For I am falser than yows made in wine;
Besides, I like you not.—If you will know my house,

Tis at the tost of olives, here hard by
Will you ge, sister?—Shepherd, phy her hard—
Come, sister—Shepherdess, look on him better,
And be not proud. though all the world could see,
None could be so abused in sight as he.
Come, to our flock

The Dead shepherd, now I find thy saw 6f might.

'Who ever loved that loved not at first sight.?'

Sil Succt Phobe.—

Phe. Ha, what say'st thou, Silvius?

Sil Sweet Phebe, pity me.

The Why, I am sorry for three gentle Silving.
Silving Silving Silving Silving Silving Silving Silving Silving Sorrow at my grief in love,
By giving love, your sorrow and my grief
Were both exterioined Silving Silving Silving Sorrow and Silving Si

Phe. Thou hast my love: is not that neighbourly?

Sil. I would have you we make the Why, that were covetousness.

Silvius, the time was that I hated thee, And yet it is not that I hear thee love; But since that thou canst talk of love so well, Thy company, which cost was inksome to me, I will endure, and I 'll employ thee too, But do not look for further recompense.

Then there own gladmes that then art employed

Sil. So holy, and so perfect is my lose.

And I in such a poverty of grace to proceed that I shall think it a mo toplantedurer of To gle in the broken cars after the man to harded. That the main harvest in the local now and then I sentered sindly and that I'll has upon.

Phe Know'rt thou she youth thet i poke to use executed

And he hath bought the cottage and the bounds.

That the old Carlot once was marter of.

Phe Think not I love him, though I nik for

Tis but a previole box — yet he talks well — cely.

But what care I for words tyet words do well.

When he that speaks there phases those that hear

It is a pretty youth —not very pretts — iscally

But, sure, he's proud; and yet his pride becomes

He'll make a proper min—the best thing in him
Is his complexion—and faster than his tongue
Did make offence, his eye did heal it up
He is not very tall, yet for his years he still
His leg is but so so, and yet 't is well
There was a pretty reduces in his hip,

A little riper, and more lusty red

Than that mixed in his cheek 't was just the difference

Betwixt the constant red and mingled damask

There be some women, Silvius, had they marked
him

In parcels, as I did, would have gone near
To fall in love with him, but, for my part,
I love him not, nor hate him not, and yet
I have more cause to hate him than to love him
For what had he to do to chide at me?
He said, mine eyes were black, and my hair black,
And, now I am remembered, scorned at me
I marvel why I answered not again
But that's all one, omittance is no quittance
I'll write to him a very taunting letter,
And thou shalt bear it, wilt thou, Silvius?
Sil Phebe, with all my heart
The traight

The matter's in my head, and in my heart
I will be bitter with him and passing short.
Go with me, Silvius

[Exeuna

ACT IV

Sci Vi I - The Forest of Arden.

Enter Rosattyp, Class, and Jaques.

Jag I prythes, pretty youth, let me be better, acquainted with these

Res They say you are a melanchely fellow.

Jaq I am so I do lose it better than laughing

Res These that are in extremity of either are abominable fellow, and betray themselves to every modern censure worse than drunkards.

Jaq Why, 't is good to be sad and say nothing Ros Why then, 't is good to be a past."

Jaq I have neither the scholar's melancholy, which is emulation; nor the musician's, which is fratastical, nor the courtier's, which is proud; nor the soldier's, which is ambitious; nor the lawyers, which is politic, nor the lady's, which is nice, nor the lover's, which is all these; but it is a melancholy of mine own, compounded of many simples, extracted from many objects, and, indeed, the sundry contemplation of my travels, which, by often rumination, wraps me in a most humourous sadness.

Ros A traveller! By my faith, you have-great reason to be sad. I fear, you have sold your

own lands, to see other men's; then, to have seen much, and to have nothing, is to have rich eyes and poor hands.

Jaq Yes, I have gained my experience

Ros And your experience makes you sad I had rather have a fool to make me merry, than experience to make me sad, and to travel for it, too!

Enter ORLANDO.

Oil Good day, and happiness, dear Rosalind

Jaq. Nay then, God be wi'you, an you talk in blank verse. Ein this call. Way.

Ros Farewell, Monsieur Trayeller, Look you have swam in a gondola. [Exit Jaques] Why, how now, Orlando! where have you been all this while? You a lover!—An you serve me such another trick, never come in my sight more

Orl My fair Rosalind, I come within an hour of my promise.

Ros Break an hour's promise in love! He that will divide a minute into a thousand parts, and break but a part of the thousandth part of a minute in the affairs of love, it may be said of him

that Capad hath chapped him of the should 2 I'll garmat him heart-whole

Orl Pardon me, dear Rooglin

Res Nay, an you be so turnit, wome no more in Emy night. I had as he file woo'd of a mail, less

Orl Of a small?

Ros Ay, of a sneal; for though he comes slowly, , he carries his home on his head; a better conture I think, than you make a woman brings his destiny with him Be bler, Le

Orl. What's that I

Ros Why, horns, which such as you are fam to be beholding to your wares for: but he come armed in his fortune, and prevents the slander of his nife.

Orl Virtue is no horn maker, and my Rosalind 15 tirtuous

Ros And I am your Rosaland

'Cel It pleases him to call you so, but he hath a Rosalund of a better led then you

Ros Come, woo me, woo me, for now I am in a holiday humour, and like enough to constitute What would you say to me now, an I were your very very Rosalind?

Orl I would hiss before I spoke

Ros Nay, you were better speak first . and when you were ginselled for lack of inneter, you

might take occasion to kiss. Very good orators, when they are out, they will spit, and for lovers, lacking (God warn us) matter, the cleanliest shift is to kiss.

Orl How if the kiss be denied?

Ros Then she puts you to entreaty, and there begins new matter

Orl Who could be out, being before his beloved mistress?

Ros Marry, that should you, if I were your mistress, or I should think my honesty Yanker than my wit

Orl What, of my suit?

Ros Not out of your apparel, and yet out of your sunt. Am not I your Rosalind?

Orl. I take some joy to say you are, because I would be talking of her _ ,

Ros Well, in her person, I say—I will not have you.

Och Then, in mine own person, I de

Ros No, 'faith, die by attorney.' The poor world is almost six thousand years old, and in all this time there was not any man died in his own person, sidelical, in a love-cause. Troilus liad his brains dashed out with a Grecian club, yet he did what he could to die before, and he is one of the patterns of love Leander, he would have hved

many a fair year though Hero had turned nun, if it had not been for a hot in desimmer night; for, good youth, he went but forth to wash him in the Hellespont, and, being taken with the croup, was drowned, and the fooleh chronicless of that age found it was—Hero of Senter. But these are all here men have died from time to time, and worms have exten them, but not for love.

Oct I would not have my right Rozalind of this mind, for, I protest, her frown might kill me

Ros By the hand, it will not bill a fly. But come, now I will be your Resulted in a more coming on disposition, and ask me what you will. I will grant it

Orl Then love me, Rosalind

Ros Yes, faith will I Fridays, and Saturdays, and all of

Orl And wilt thou have med

Ros Ay, and twenty such and 50 youth.

Orl What say'st thou?

Ros Are you not good?

Orl. I hope so

Ros Why then, can one desire too much of a good thing 1—Come, sister, you shall be the priest, and marry us.—Give me your hand, Orlanda—What do you say, sister?

Orl, Pray thet, marry us.

Cel I cannot say the words .

Ros. You must begin, - 'Will you, Orlando,'-Cel. Go to -Will you, Orlando, have to diffe this Rosalind ?

Or I will in future.

Ros Ay, but when?

Orl Why now, as fast as she can marry us.

Ros Then you must say,-'I take thee, Rosa had, for wife,'

Orl. I take thee, Rosalud, for wife. Ros. I might ask you for your commission; but, -I do take thee, Orlando, for my husband there's a girl goes before the pricst, and certainly, a woman's thought runs before her actions

. Orl So do all thoughts - they are winged.

Ros Now tell me how long you would have her, after you have possessed her.

Orl For ever and a day colors. S. Ros Say a day, without the ever. No, no, Orlando. men are Apill when they woo, December. when they wed, maids are May when they are maids, but the sky changes when they are wives I will be more leading for thee than a Barbary purrot against rain; more clamorous that ape, more giddy in my desires than a monkey weep for nothing, like Diana in the fountain, and I will do that when you are flisposed to be merry, I will lough like a high, and that when thou art inclined to sleep.

Orl But will my Roedind do so?

Ros By my life, she will do as I do.

. Orf. O, but the is wise

Itos Or else she could not have the wit to do this the wiser. The way wurder. Make the doors upon a momen's wit, and it will out at the case ment, what that and 't will out at the key hole; stop that, and 't will fly with the smoke out of the chumny.

orl. A man that had a wife with such a wit, he might say, "Wit, whither will?" there were keep

Ros Nay, you might keep that check for it, till you met your wife's wit going to your neighbour's bed

Orl And what wit could wit have to excuse that?

Roy Marry, to say,—the came to seek you there. You shall never take her without her answer, unless you take her without her tongue: O, that woman that cannot make her fault her husband's occasion, let her never nurse her child herself, for she will breed it like a fool

Orl For these two hours, Rosalind, I will leave thee

Ros Alas, dear love, I cannot lack thee two hours

Orl I must attend the duke at dinner by two o clock I will be with thee again

Ros Ay, go your ways, go your ways.—I knew what you would prove, my firends told me as much, and I thought no less —that flattering tongue of yours won me —'t is but one cast away, and so,—come, death!—Two o'clock is your how!

Orl. Ay, sweet Rosalind

Ros By my troth, and in good carnest, and so God mend me, and by all pretty oaths that are not dangerous, if you break one jot of your promise, or come one minute behind your hour. I will think you the most pathetical break-promise, and the most hollow lover, and the most unworthy of her you call Rosalind, that may be chosen out of the gross band of the unfaithful Therefore, beward my censure, and keep your promise

Ork With no less religion, than if thou west indeed my Rosalind . so, adieu

Ros Well, Time is the old justice that examines all such offenders, and let Time try. Adieu

Cel. You have simply missised our fex in your love-prate. We must have your doublet and hose

plucked over your head, and show the world what the bird bath done to be cover nest

Ros O, cor, cor cor, my pirity little we, that' thou didet I can have many fathem deep I amin love! But I cannot be sent-ded; my affection hath an unknown bottom, like the tesy of Portugal

Cel Or, rather, bettomless, that as fast as you pour your affection in, it runs out hatter of Calaid

Ros No, that same wicked begand of Versis, that was begot of thought, conceived of sphere, and born of madress, that blind raisally boy that abuses every one's eyes because his own are out, let him be judge how deep I am in love.—Pil tell thee, Aliena, I cannot be out of the night of Orlanda. I'll go find a shadow, and sigh till he come.

Cel And I'll sleep

Errunt

Scrib II —Another Part of the Forest.

Enter Jaques and Lords, like foresters

Jaq Which is he that killed the deer !

1 Lord Sir, it was I.

Jaq Let's present him to the duke, like a Roman conqueror, and it would do well to set the deer's horns upon his head for a branch of victory. Have you no song, forester, for this purpose?

2 Lord Yes, sir.

Jaq. Sing it. 't is no matter how it be in tune, so make noise enough

Soza

What shall he have, that killed the deer?

His leather skin and horns to wear

Then sing him home and the first shall bear this burden.

[The rest shall bear this burden.]

Take thou no scorn to wear the horn,

It was a grest ere thou wast born.

Thy father's father wore it,

And thy father bore it.

The horn, the horn, the lusty horn,

Is not a thing to inight to scorn.

[Exeunt.

SCENE III .- Another Part of the Forest

Enter ROSALIND and CILIA

Ros How say you now? Is it not past two o'clock? and here much Orlando!

Cel. I warrant you, with pure love and troubled brain, he hath ta'en his bow and arrows, and is gone forth—to sleep Look, who comes here?

Enter SILVIUS

S.l. My errand is to you, fair youth.

My gontle Phelic bid me give you this:

Greiny a bust.

I know not the contents; but, as I guess
By the stern brow and was fill action
Which she did use as she was writing of it,
If bears an angry tengs. Pardon me,
Than but as a guiltless mers ager

Ras Patience herself would reartle at this let

And play the ganger of bear this, hear all She says, I am not fair, that I lack manners; She calls me proud, and that she could not love

Were man as rare as pho nix Od's my will!

Her love is not the hare that I do hunt.

Why writes she so to me?—Well, shepherd, well;

This is a letter of your own device

Sil. No, I protest, I know not the contents: Phebe did write it

And turned into the extremity of love.

I saw her hand, she has a leathern hand,

A freestone coloured hand, I verily did think

That her old gloves were on, but twas her hands;

She has a housewife's hand, but that's no matter.

I say, she never did invent this letter;

This is a man's invention, and his head.

Sil Suic, it is hers

Ros Why, 'tis a boisterous and a cruel style

A style for challengers why, she delies me,

Like Turk to Christian. Woman's gentle brain

Could not drop forth such grant-rude invention,

Such Ethiop words, blacker in their effect

Than in their countenance.—Will you hear the

letter?

Sel So please you; for I never heard it yet,
Yet heard too much of Phebe's cruelty
Ros. She Phebes me Mark how the tyrant
write.

'Art thou god to shepherd turned,

That a maiden's heart hath burned?'—
Can a woman rail thus?

Sil. Call you this railing?

Meaning me a beast.—

Ros 'Why, thy godhead laid apart,
Warr'st thou with a woman's heart?'
Did you ever hear such ruling?—
'Whiles the eye of man did woo me,

Whiles the eye of man did woo me, Thut could do no vengeance to me.

'If the scorn of your bright eyne
Have power to raise such love in mine,
Alack, in me what strange effect
Would they work in mild aspect?
Whiles you chid me, I did love,

He that brings this love to thee Little knows this love in me. And by him real up thy mind, Whether that thy youth and I ind Will the faithful offer take Of me, and all that I can make, Or else by him my love deny, And then I'll study how to die.'

Sil Call you this cliding? Cel Alas, poor shepherd!

Ros. Do you pits him? no, he descrives no pity Wilt thou love such a woman?—What, to mike thee an instrument, and play false strains upon thee? not to be endured! Well, go your way to her, (for, I see, love both made these a time snake,) and say this to her—that if she love me, I charge her to love thee, if she will not, I will never have her, unless thou entreat for her,—If you be a true lover, hence, and not a word, for here comes more company.

[Exit Silvivs.

Enter OLIVER

Oh. Good morrow, fair ones. Pray you, if you know,

Where in the purlique of this forest stands

A sheepcote fenced about with olive trees?

Cel West of this place, down in the neighbour

The rank of osiers by the murmuring stream,

Left on your right hand, brings you to the place

But at this hour the house doth keep itself,

There's none within.

Oh If that an eye may profit by a tongue,
Then should I know you by description;
Such garments, and such year?— The boy is fair,
Of female favour, and bestows himself
Lake a ripe sister but the woman low,
And browner than her brother Are not you
The owners of the house I did inquire for?

Cel It is no boast, being asked, to say, we are.
Oh Orlando doth commend him to you both:

And to that youth he calls his Rosalind,
He sends this bloody napklin Are you've?

Ros I am. What must we understand by this? Oli Some of my shame, if you will know of me What man I am, and how, and why, and where This handkercher was stained

Cel I pray you, tell it
Oli When last the young Orlando parted from
you,

He left a promise to return again
Within an hour; and, proming through the forest.
Chaving the food of sweet and bitter fancy,

Lo, what hefell ! he three his eye aside, And, marl, what object did present itself. Under an oak, whose bright were mored with

And high top bold with dry antiquity? A wrotched, ragged men, dergrown with halr, Las sleeping on his lagh, about his neck A green and galded snake had wreathed itself, Who with her head, minlde in threats, approached The opening of his mouth; but suddenly, Seeing Orlando, it unline of its of, And with indented glides did ship away Into a bush, under which bush's shade A honess, with udders all drawn dry, was lie Lay couching he id on ground with cathle watch. When that the sleeping man should stir; for 't is The royal disposition of that heast To prey on nothing that doth seem as dead This seen, Orlando did approach the man, And found it was his brother, his elder brother Cel O, I have heard him speak of that same

brother .

And he did render him the most unnatural That lived 'mongst men

Ol1. And well he might so do, For well I know he was unnatural

Ros But, to Orlando - Did he leave him there,

Food to the sucked and hungry honess?

Oh Twice did he turn his back, and purposed

so,

But kindness, nobler ever than revenge,
And nature, stronger than his just occasion,
Made him give battle to the lioness,
Who quickly fell before him in which hurtling
From miserable slumber I awaked

Cel. Are you his brother?

Ros Was it you he rescued?

Cel Was't you that did so oft contrive to kill

him?

Oh "Twas I, but 't is not I I do not shame
To tell you what I was, since my conversion
So sweetly tastes, being the thing I am
Ros But, for the bloody napkin?
Oh By-and-by

When from the first to last, betwixt us two,
Tears our recountments had most kindly bathed,
As, how I came into that desert place —
In brief, he led me to the gentle duke,
Who gave me fresh array, and entertainment,
Committing me unto my brother's love,
Who led me instantly unto his cave,
There stripped himself, and here, upon his arm,
The lioness had torn some flesh away,
Which all this while had bled, and now he fainted,

And cried, in fainting, upon Bosalind
Brief, I recovered him, bound up hit would,
And, after some small space being strong at heart,
He sent me luther, stranger as I am,
To tell this story, that you might excuse
His broken promise, and to give this napkin,
Dyed in his blood, unto the shepherd youth
That he in sport doth call his Rosalind

[ROSALIND STOOM.

Cel Why, how now, Ganymedo's sweet Gany-mede'

Olf. Many will swoon when they do look on blood

Cel. There is more in it - Court !- Gany mede!
Oh. Look, he recovers

Ros I would I were at home

Cel. We'll lead you thither -

I pray you, will you take him by the arm?

Oh Be of good cheer, youth.—You a man? You lack a man's heart.

Ros I do so, I confess it Ah, sirrah, n. body would think this was well counterfailed. I pray you, tell your brother how well I counterfailed.—Heigh-ho!—

Oh This was not counterfeit—there is too great testimony in your complexion, that it was a passion of earnest.

Ros Counterfeit, I assure you

Oh Well then, take a good heart, and counterfeit to be a man.

Ros So I do, but, I faith, I should have been a woman by right So closecall I have been

Cel Come, you look paler and paler pray you, draw homewards —Good sir, go with us

Oh That will I, for I must bear answer back, How you excuse my brother, Rosalind.

Ros I shall devise something But, I pray you, commend my counterfeiting to him —Will you go?

[Execunt.

ACT V

Scene I —The Forest of Arden.

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY.

Touch We shall find a time, Audrey patience, gentle Audrey

Aud 'Faith, the priest was good enough, for all the old gentleman's saying

Touch A most wicked Sir Oliver, Audrey, a most vile Mar-text But, Audrey, there is a youth here in the forest lays claim to you like how.

Aud Ay, I know who tis he hath no interest in me in the world Here comes the man you mean,

Erter WILLIAM

Touch It is meat and drink to me to see a clown. By my troth, we that have good with have much to answer for, we shall be popling; we const hold

Will Good even, Audrey.

And God ye good even, William

Will And good even to you, air.

Touch Good even, guitle friend. Cover thy head, cover thy head, hay, pryther, be covered. How old are you, friend?

Will Five and twenty, sir.

Touch A upe age Is thy name William?
Will William, sir

Touch. A fair name. Wast born i's the forest here?

Will Ay, sir, I thank God.

Touch Thank God, -a good answer. Art rich! Well 'Faith, su, so, so

Touch So, so, 19 good, very good, very excellent good, and yet it is not, it is but so, so. Art thou wise?

Will Ay, sir, I have a profity nat (1020)

Touch Why, thou say'st well I do now re member a saying, 'The fool doth think he is wise, but the wise man knows himself to be a fool' The

heathen philosopher, when he had a desire to eat a grape, would open his hips when he put it into his mouth, meaning thereby, that grapes were made to eat, and hips to open. You do love this maid?

Will I do, sir

Touch Give me your hand Art thou learned?
Will, No, sir.

Touch. Then learn this of me. To have, is to have, for it is a figure in rhetoric, that drink, being poured out of a cup into a glass, by filling the one doth empty the other, for all your writers do consent, that inserts he, now, you are not apse, for I am he.

Will Which he, sir?

Touch He, sir, that must marry this woman Therefore, you clown, abandon,—which is in the vulger, leave,—the society,—which in the boorish is, company,—of this female, which in the common is, woman, which together is, abandon the society of this female, or, clown, thou perishest, or, to thy better understanding, diest; or, to wit, I kill thee, make thee away, translate thy life into death, thy liberty into bondage. I will deal in poison with thee, or in bastinado, or in steel. I will bandy with thee in faction; I will o'errun thee with policy; I will kill thee a hundred and fifty ways therefore tremble, and depart

And Do, good William Will God rest you merry, sir,

[Erd

Piter Camp.

Cor Our naver end unstrain rock you, come as it, and

Touch Try, Audrey, top, Andrey.—I attend
[Kour'

Serve II —Another Part of the Forest. Ent : One expo and Others.

Orl Is't possible, rist on we little acquamtance you should like her? that, hat seeing, you should love her? and loving, wool and, wooing shaphould grave? and will you persever to enjoy ber?

Oh Neither full the piddinger of it in question, the poverty or her, the small acquaintance, my sudden wooing, nor her sudden consenting; has suith me, I love Aliena; may with her, that she loves me, consent with both, that we may enjoy each other, it shall be to your good, for my father's house, and all the revenue that was old Sir Rowland's, will I estate upon you, and here live and die a shepherd

Orl You have my consent. Let your wedding be to-morrow, thither will I make the duke, and

all his contented followers. Go you, and propare Aliena, for, look you, here comes my Rosalind

Luter ROSALIND

Ros. God save you, brother.

Oh And you, fair sister.

[Lat

Res. O, my dear Orlando, how it grieves me to Whee wear thy heart in a scarf.

O.l It is my arm

Res. I thought thy heart had been wounded with he clays of a lion.

Orl. Wounded it is, but with the eyes of a lady Ros Did your brother tell you how I counterfeited to swoon, when he showed me your handker-

cher?

Orl Ay, and greater wonders than that.

Now O, I know where you are.—Nay, 't is true there was never anything so sudden, but the fight of two reas, and Gæsar's thrasonical brag of.—I came, saw, and overcame: for your brother and my sister no sooner met, but they looked; no sooner looked, but they loved; no sooner loved, but they sighed; no sooner sighed, but they asked one another the reason, no sooner knew the reason, but they sought the remedy and in these degrees have they made a pair of stairs to marriage, which they will climb incontinent, or else be incontinent

E-50 10 10 11 11 19 19 -

before marriage. They are in the very winth a love, and they will together; clubs cannot per them

Oil They shall be married to morrow, and I sale but the duke to the nuptial. But, O, how butter thing it is to look into kappiness through another man's eyes. By so much the more shall I to morrow be at the height of heart-heaviness, by how much I shall think my brother happy in having what he wishes for the second content of the the seco

Roy Why then, to morrow I cannot serve your turn for Royaland?

Orl I can live no longer by thinking

Ros I will we my you then no longer with idle-talking. Know of me then (for now I speak to some purpose), that I know you are a gentleman of good conceit. I speak not thus, that you should bear a good opinion of my I nowledge, insonach I say, I know you are; in ther do I labout for a greater esteem than may in some little measure draw a belief from you, to do yourself good, and not to grace me. Believe then, if you please, that I can do strange things. I have, since I was three years old, conversed with a magnerian, most profound in his art, and yet not danuable. If you do love Rosalind so near the heart as your greaters cries it out, when your brother marries. Aliens,

shall you marry her I know into what straits of fortune she is driven, and it is not impossible to me, if it appear not inconvenient to you, to set her before your eyes to-morrow, human as she is, and without any danger

Orl Speak'st thou in soher meaning?

Ros By my life, I do; which I tender dearly, though I say I am a magician Therefore, put you in your best array, bid your friends, for if you will be married to morrow, you shall, and to Rosalind, if you will Look, here comes a lover of mine, and a lover of hers

Enter Silvius and Phlbe

- Phe Youth, you have done me much ungentleness,

To show the letter that I writ to you

Ros I care not, if I have it is my study

To seem despiteful and ungentle to you

You are there followed by a faithful shepherd.

Look upon him, love him, he worships you

Phe Good shepherd, tell this youth what 't is to

Sil It is to be all made of sight and tears,—And so am I for Phebe

Phe And I for Ganymede Orl And I for Rosalind.

avol

Ros And I for no woman.

Sil It is to be all made of faith and service ;....

Phe And I for Ganymede

Orl And I for Royalind

Ros And I for no women

Sil It is to be all made of fautasy,

All made of pregion, and all made of wides;

All adoration, duty, and ob creance .

All humbleness, all patience, and impatience;

All purity, all trial, all observance;---

And so am I for Phelic

The And so am I for Ganymede

Orl And so am I for Rosalind.

Ros And so am I for no woman

Phe [To ROSALIND] If this he so, why blame you me to love you?

Sil [To Print.] If this be so, why blame you me to love you?

Orl If this be so, why blame you me to lose you?

Ros Who do you speak to, 'Why blame you me to love you?'

Orl To her, that is not here, not doth not hear

Ros Pray you, no more of this: 'tis like the howling of Irish wolves against the moon — [75]

Sinius] I will help you, if I can —[To Phebe.] I would love you, if I could —To morrow meet me all together —[To Phebe.] I will marry you, if ever I marry woman, and I'll be married tomorrow —[To Orlando] I will satisfy you, if ever I satisfied man, and you shall be married tomorrow —[To Silvius.] I will content you, if what pleases you contents you, and you shall be married to-morrow —[To Orlando] As you love Rosalind, meet —[To Silvius] As you love Phebe, meet and as I love no woman, I'll meet —So, fare you well I have left you commands Sil I'll not fail, if I live Phe Nor I.

Orl Nor L.

. [Excunt

Scene III -Another Part of the Forest

Enter Touchston L and Audrey.

Touch. To-morrow is the joyful day, Audiey to morrow will we be married

And I do desire it with all my heart, and I hope it is no dishonest desire, to desire to be a woman of the world Heid come two of the bamshed duke's pages

Enter Tues Pener

1 Page Well met, honers gratheren.

Touch By my troth, vell new. Core, sit. • t, and a son?

2 Page We are for your sat if the middle.

1 Page Shall we clap hat it countly, without landing, or spating, or sixing my are hours, which are the only prologue, to a bid role?

2 Pag 1' forth, i' faith and both in a time, like to one whom a home.

S ...

In the spring time, the only prefty sing fire, When bods do eng, hey ding a ding, ding, Sweet lovers has the spring

And therefore take the present time,

With a key, and a ho, and a key nonico.

For love is erouned with the prime

In the spring time, de

Between the acres of the pye,
With a key, and a key novino,

These pretty country folks would be, In the spring time, &c

This caral they began that hour, Social With a hey, and a ho, and a hey nonino, How that a life was but a flower of In the spring time, &c

Touch Truly, young gentlemen, though there was no great matter in the ditty, yet the note was very untuneable

1 Page You are deceived, su: we kept time; we lost not out time it it. ", in hour or

Touch By my troth, yes; I count it but time lost to hear such a foolish song God be wi' you, and God mend your voices Come, Audrey

[Excunt

Scrue TV —Another Part of the Forest

Enter Dukt Scalor, Amens, Jaques, Orlando,
Oliver, and Celia

Dule 8 Dost thou believe, Orlando, that the

Can do all this that he hath promised?

Oil I sometimes do believe, and sometimes do not,

As those that har they lope, and know they fiar

Later Rosanno, Sunne, and Putte.

Ros Patience once more, while a cur compact is urged -

(To the Deni.] You say, if I bring in your Rosa hnd.

You will beston her on Orlando here?

Duke S. That would I, had I Lingdoms to give nith her

Ros [To Oblando] And you say, you will have her, a hen I being her?

Orl That would I, were I of all Lingdoms king

Ros [To Purps.] You say, you il marry me, if I be willing!

Phe That will I, should I die the hour after.

Ros. But if you do refuse to marry me,

You'll give vour-elf to this most faithful shepherd? - 1

Phe So is the lenguin.

Ros [To Silving] You say that you'll have Phebe, if she will !

5il Though to have her and death were both one thing

Ros I have promised to make all this matter esen, et , ...

- Keep you your word, O duke, to-give your daughter;---

You yours, Orlando, to receive his daughter, — Keep you your word, Phebe, that you'll marry

me,
Or else prefusing me, to wed this shepherd,—
Keep your word, Silvius, that you'll mairy her,
If she refuse me—and from hence I go,
To make these doubts all even,

[Exeunt Rosalind and Celia

Duke S I do remember in this shepherd boy Some lively touches of my daughter's favour,

Orl My lord, the first time that I ever saw him,

Methought he was a brother to your daughter; But, my good lord, this boy is forest-born, And hath been tutored in the rudiments Of many desperate studies by his uncle, and whom he reports to be a great magician, Obscuréd in the circle of this forest

Jaq There is, sure, another flood toward, and these couples are coming to the nik JHere comes a pair of very strange beasts, which in all tongues are called fools

Enter TOUCHSTONE and AUDREY
Touch. Salutation and greeting to you all.

day, Good my lord, but him welcome. The is the <u>mailed do</u>m? if gentle from, that I have see abou met in the for the best then a courter, he sweare

Touch It may men doubt the plet him per not to my puration. I have treed a minimum, I have that positive with my friend, emosts with mine enemy; I have unione three tailors. I have had fork quarals, and like to have fought one

log And how was that then up?

Touch Faith, 'e, met, and found the quarrel vas upon the Eventh Cure !!

Jaq Hov seventh cause? Good my lord, like this fellow

Dale S This him yery well

Touch God ild you, sir. I do no you of the like. I press in large, our, amongst theory of the country copulatives, to swear, and to for-year, recording as marriage land, and blood brooks—A poor virgin, sir, an ill-favoured thing, su, but mine own a poor humour of mine, sir, to take that no man else will Rich honesty dwells like a raiser, tur, in a poor house, as your pearl in your foul oyster

Duke S By my futh, he is very swift and sententious.

Touch According to the fool's bolt, sir, and such dulcet diseases

Jaq But, for the seventh cause, how did you

find the quariel on the seventh cause?

Touch Upon a he seven times temoved —Bear your body more seeming, Andrey —As thus, Sir I did dislike the cut of a certain courtier's beard. he sent me word, if I said his beard was not cut well, he was in the mind it was this is called the Refort Courtous If I sent him word again It was not well cut, he would send me word he cut it to please himself: this is called the Quip Modest' If again It was not well cut, he disabled my judgment this is called the 'Reply Churlish' If again It was not well cut, he would answer, I spake not true this is called Valuant.' If again It was not well cut, he would say, I lie: this is called the 'Countercheck Quarrelsome .' and so to the 'Lie Circumstantial,' and the unstruct 'Lie Direct'

Jaq. And how oft did you say, his beard was not well cut?

Touch I durst go no further than the 'Lae Cucumstantial,' nor he durst not give me the 'Lae Direct,' and so we measured swords, and parted

Jaq Can you nominate in order now the degrees of the he?

Touch O sir, we quarted in print, by the book, as you have books for good manners: I will name you the degrees. The first, the retest courteous, the second, the quip mode t, the third, the reply churchs, the fourth, the reproof valinit, the liftly, the countercheck quarreleone, the sixth, the he with circumstance, the reventh, the he direct. All there you may avoid, but the lie direct, and you may avoid that too, with an if I know when seven justices could not take up a quarrel, but when the parties were met themselves, one of them thought but of an if, as if you and co, then I said so, and they shook hands and swore brothers. You if is the only peace maker, much virtue in if.

Jaq. Is not the a rare fellow, my lord? he's as good at anything, and yet a fool

Duke S. He uses his folly like a stalking horse, and under the presentation of that, he shoots his with

Enter Hand leading Rosaf and an acoman's clothes,

Still Music

Hym Then is there mirth in hearen,
When earthly things made even
Atone together
Good duke, receive thy daughter,

Hymen from heaven brought her,
Yea, brought her hither,
That thou mightst join her hand with his
Whose heart within her bosom is

- Ros [To Duke S] To you I give myself, for I am yours
- [To Orlando] To you I give myself, for I amy yours
 - . Duke S If there be truth in sight, you are my daughter
 - Orl If there be truth in sight, you are my Rosalind
 - Phe If sight and shape be true, Why then, my love adieu!
 - Ros [To Duke S] I'll have no father, if you be not he —
 - [To Orlando] I'll have no husband, if you be not he . . .
 - [To Phese] Nor ne or wed woman, if you be not she
 - Hym Peace, no 'I par consusion
 T is I must make conclusion
 Of these most strange events
 Here's eight that must take hands,
 To join in Hymen's bands,
 If truth holds true contents.

[To One expo and Roserten] You sall you no cross shall part
[To Oriera and Crass] You and you are heart in heart.

[To Prink.] You to his love need grand
Or have a woman to your load
[To Tovenerose and At may] You and
you are our tog ther.
As the winter to foul weather.
Whiles a redlock hymn we sing
'Feed your sless with questioning.

That reason a under may dumnish.
How there we met, and these things finish.

Wedding is great Junus erone?

5 O blessed bond of bot ed and hel!

The Hymen peoples every towns,

High reedlest then be homenred.

Homour, high honour, and removes,

To Hymen, god of every town!

Duke S. O my dear mice, welcome thou art to $\int_{0.07}^{\infty} K \, dx = 0$.

Even daughter welcome in no less degree.

Ple [To Surius] I will not cut my word, now thou art mine,

Thy faith my fancy to thee doth combine.

Enter Jaques de Bois

Jaq de B Let me have audience for a word or two

I am the second son of old Sir Rowland,
That bring these tidings to this fair assembly—
Duke Frederick, hearing how that every day
Men of great worth resorted to this forest,
Addressed a mighty power, which were on
Converted

In his own conduct, purposely to take.

His brother here, and put him to the sword And to the skirts of this wild wood he came, Where, meeting with an old religious man, After some question with him, was converted Both from his enterprise and from the world, His crown bequeating to his, banished brother, And all their lands restoicd to them again. That were with him exiled. This to be true I do engage my life

Duke S Welcome, young man,

Thou offer'st furly to thy brother's wedding
To one, his lands withheld, and to the other,
A land itself at large, a potent dukedom
First, in this forest, let us do those ends.
That here were well begun, and well begot
And after, every of this happy number

That have endured showed days and nights with

Shall share the good of our is turned fortune, According to the mercure of their states

Meintime, forget this nev-fall'n dignity,

And fall into our rustic reveley ...

Play, music 1 and you brides and bridegrooms all, With mercure he had in joy, to the measures full'

lag Sir, by your patience - If I heard you rightly,

The duke buth put on a religious life

And thrown into neglect the pompous court *

Jag de B. He hath

Jay To him will I out of these converties There is much matter to be be and and learned.—

[To Duke S] You to your former honour I beque ith.

Your patience, and your virtue, well deserved 11 ----

[To OPLANDO] You to a love, that your true futh doth merit --

[To OLIVER] You to your land, and love, and great allies --

[To Suring] You to a long and well-described hed ___

[To Tovoustons.] And you to prangling; for the coving voyage ł,

Is but for two months richardled—So, to your pleasures.

I am for other than for dancing measures

Duke S Stay, Jaques, stay [7]

Jaq To see no pastime, I what you would

I'll stay to know at your abandoned cave [Exit Duke S. Proceed, proceed we will begin these rites,

As we do trust they'll end, in true delights.

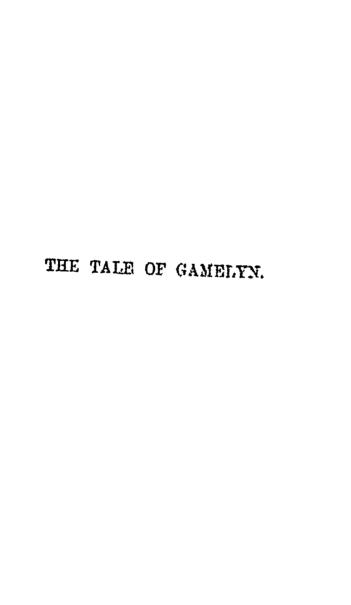
[A dance

EPÍLOGIJE

Ros It is now the testuon to see the lady the spilogue; but it is no more unhandsome than to see the lord the prologue. If it be true that good wine needs no bush, t is true that a good play needs no epilogue, yet to good wine they do use good bushes, and good plays prove the better by the lies of good epilogues. What a case am I in then, that am neither a good epilogue, nor cannot insunate with you in the behalf of a good play? I simuate with you in the behalf of a good play? I will not become me my way is, to conjure you, and I'll begin with the women. I charge you, O women, for the love you bear to men, to like as

much of this play naphrasayan: on I charge you, for O men, for the late you bear to nomen his I perceive by your comp ring, more of you beter them), that between you and the women, the play may please. If I were a noming I would kiss as more of you is had boards that pleased me, complexions that liked me, and by other that I defied not a ned I am rure, as many as have good boards, or good faces, or excet browles, will for me land one, when I make curtes, but me farewell.

[Executed]



THE TALE OF GAMELYN.

LITHETH, and lesteneth and herkeneth aught.
And ye schulle here a talky ng of a doughty knight,
Sue Iohan of Boundys was his righte name,
He cowde of norture ynough and mochil of game
Thie sones the knight hadde that with his body
he wan,

The eldest was a moche schiewe and sone he bygan

His bietheren loued wel here fader and of him were agast,

The eldest deserved his fadres curs and had it at the last.

The goode knight his fader lyuede so yore,

That deth was comen him to and handled him ful
sore

The goode knight cared sore sik ther he lay,

How his children scholde · lyuen after his day.

He-hadde ben wyde-wher but non housbond he
was,

Al the lond that he hadde it was veriey purchas.

l'ayn he wolde it were i dressed among hem alle.
That ech of hem hadde his part in it mights falle.
The sente he in to cuntre inflor wire knightes,
To helpe deten his lander and dressen hem torightes.

He sente hem word by lettres they schulden bye blyue,

Yf they wolde spoke with him while he was on lyne

The the knyghter herden and that he kny,
Hadde they no rester nother night ne day,
Til they comen to him a ther he kny stille.
On his deth bedde a to aby de goddes wille.
Than so, de the goode knight anyk ther he kny,
"Lordes, I you warne for soth, withoute may,
I may no lengue by nen a heer in this stounde;
For thurgh goddes wille deth draveth me to
grounde"

Ther has non of hem alle that herde him wight,
That they he hadden reuthe of that ilke knight,
And seyde, 'sn, for goddes love he dismay you
nought;

God may do bote of bale · that is now i wrought '
Than spak the goode knight · sik that he lay,
'Boote of bale god may sende · I not it is no nay;
But I byseke you, knightes · for the lone of me,
Goth and dresseth my lond · among my somes thre.'

And for the love of god deleth hem not amy, And forgetith not Gamelyn my yonge some that is Taketh heed to that on as well as to that other, Selde ye see ony eyr helpen his brother?

The lete they the knight lyen that was nought in hele,

And went in to counseil * his landes for to dele For to delen hom alle * to oon, that was her thought And for Gamelyn was youngest * he schulde have nought.

All the lond that ther was they dalten it in two.

And leten Gamely in the yonge withoute londe go.

And ech of hem seyde to other ful lowde.

His bretheren might gene him lond when he good cowde.

When they hadde deled 'the lond at here wille, They comen to the knight 'ther he lay ful stille, And tolden him anon 'how they hadden wrought And the knight ther he lay 'liked it right nought. Then seyde the knight 'by seynt Martyn, For al that ye have y-doon 'yit is the lond myn; For godden loue, neyhchours 'stondeth alle stille, And I wil dele my lond right after my wille Iohan, myn eldeste zone schal have plowes fyue, That was my fadres heritago 'whil he was on lyue, And my myddeleste sone 'fyue plowes of lond, That I halp for to gete 'with my righte hond,

And all man other purchas of londer and of loodes.

That I byquethe Gamelyn and alle my goods
steeder.

And I bysche you, goods men that lawe connect londs,

For tiamely us lone—that my quest stomic.*

Thus date the knight * his load by his day,

Right on his deth-bedde—aik ther he by,

And some afterward * he lay stom stille.

And deyde when tyme com—as it was Criste

with

Aron as he was deed ' and vader gras i grate,
Sone the elder brother ' gyled the youge kname;
He took into his hond ' his lond and his leede,
And Gamelyn himselfe ' to clothen and to feede
He clothed him and fedde him ' yuel and ce'
wrothe.

And leet his londes for fare—and his house, both His parkes and his voodes—and dede nothing wel And seththen he it aboughte—on his faire fel. So longe was Gamelyn—in his brotheres halle, For the strengest, of good wil—they douteden his alle.

Ther was non ther-inne i nowther youg ne old, That wolds wraththe Gamelyn were he never i bold

Gamelyn stood on a day in his brotheres yerde,

And bygan with his hond · to handlen his beide,
He thoughte on his londes · that layen visawe,
And his faire okes · that down were i-drawe;
His parkes were i-broken and his deer byrrued;
Of alle his goode steedes noon was him bylened;
His howses were vihiled · and ful yiel dight.
Tho thoughte Gamelyn · it wente nought aright
Afterward cam his brother walkynge thate,
And seyde to Gamelyn ' is our mete vare?'
The wraththed him Gamelyn · and swor by goddes book,

'Thou schalt go bake thi-self I wil nought be thy

How! brother Gamelyn how answerest thou now!

Thou spake neuer such a word as thou dost now.'
'By my farth,' seyde Gamelyn 'now me think(the neede,

Of alle the harmes that I have, I tok never ar heede

My parkes ben to-broken and my deer by reued,
Of myn armure and my steedes nought is me
bileued;

All that my fader me byquath all goth to schame, And therfor have thou goddes curs brother by thy name!

Than byspak his brother that rape was of ices,

'Stord stille, gudelyng and hold right thy poes;
Thou schalt be figh for to have the mete and the
west;

What spekest thou, Gamelyn of land other of wedt?

Theme seeds Gamelyn the child that was ying, three curs mot he hade that elep these gade-lyng?

I am no von-e guidlyng ne no worse wight, But born of a luly sand geten of a knight.

No durate he not to Gamelyn i ner a foote go,

But depute to him his min and sight to them tho,

tooth and be toth this boy and reneth has bis wit,

And let him lerne mother tyme to answere me bet?

Thanne seyde the child . youge Gamelyn,

*Cristes curs mot thou have brother art thou myn !

And if I schul algate he beten man, thistes curs mot thou have but thou he that oon? And anon his brother in that greto het. Made his men to fette staues. Gamelyn to bete, Whin that everich of hem hadde a staf a nome, Gamelyn was war anon the he seigh hem come,

The Gamelyn seyh hem come he loked ouer al,

And was war of a pestel stood under a wal, Gamelyn was light of foot and thider gan he lept. And drof alle his brotheres men uright some on an hope.

He loked as a wilde lyoun and leyde on good woon;

The his brother say that ' he bigan to goon,
He fley vp in-til a left ' and schette the dore fast.

Thus Gamelyn with his pestel made hem allengast

Some for Gamelyns love and some for his eyer,

Alle they drowe by halues the he gan to play.

'What! how now?' seyde Gamelyn - cuel mot ye thee!

Wil ye bygynne contek and sone flee?

Gamelyn soughte his brother • whider he was flowe,

And saugh wher he loked out at a wyndowe Brother, sayde Gamelyn 'com a litel ner,

And I wil teche the a play atte bokelm?

His brother him answerde and swor by wint Richer,

'Whil the pestel is in-thin hond. I wil come no neer

Brother, I wil make thy pees · I have to by Cri test ore;

Cast away the pestel and wraththe the nomon.

- 'I mot neede, 'sayde Gamelyn 'wraththe me at oones,
- For thou wolde make thy men to breke myne boones,
- Ne hadde I had mayn and might in myn armes, To have s-put hem fro me - thei wolde have do me harmes '
- 'Gamelyn,' sayde his brother the thou nought wroth,
- For to seen the hane harm it were me right loth; I ne dide it nought, brother i but for a fondying. For to loken if then were strong and nit so ying 'Com a-down than to me and grainte me my bone
- Of so thing I wil the aske and we schul suighte sone.'
- Down than cam his brother that fykil was and fel,
- And was swithe sore agast of the pestel
- He seyde, 'Brother Gamelyn aske me thy boone,
- And loke thou me blame but I it graunte sone?
- Thanne seyde Gamelyn 'brother, 1-wys,
- And we schulle ben at oon—thou most me graunte this
- Al that my-fider me byqudth while was on live.
- Thou most do me it have gif we schul not stryue.'

- 'That schalt thou have, Gamelyn I swere by Custes ore!
- Al that the fader the byquath though thou wolded have more,
- Thy lond, that lyth laye ful wel it solial be sowe,
- And thyn howses reysed up that ben leyd so love'
- Thus seyde the knight to Gamelyn with mowthe, And thoughte eek on falsnes as he wel couthe The knight thoughte on tresonu and Gamelyn on noon,
- And wente and kiste his brother and, whan they were at oon,
- Allas! yonge Gamelyn nothing he ne wiste With which a false tresoun · his brother him kiste! Litheth, and lesteneth · and holdeth your tonge,
- And ye schul heere talkyng of Gamelyn the yonge

Ther was ther bysiden · cryed a wrastlyng,
And therfor ther was set vp · a ram and a ryng,
And Gamelyn was in wille · to wende therto,
For to preuen his might—what he cowthe do
'Brother,' seyde Gamelyn · ' by seynt Richer,
Thou most lene me to nyght · a litel courser
That is freisch to the spores—on for to ryde;
I most on an erande—a litel her byside.'

By god! sayde his brother and steeles in my stale

Go and chose the the best and space non of allo Of stredes or of conversation stonders here breaks; And tel me, goods brother a shaler than waltayde?

'Her byside, brother is cryed a writtype,
And therfor which be at up a run and a ryne,
Moche worship it were brother, to walle,
Might I the run and the ryng bring home to this
halle.'

A storde there as radicled summerely and shore; Gamelyn did a paire spores fact on his feet. He cette he foot in the styrop, the stoods he bystrood,

And toward the wrasiding the younge child road

The Gamelyn the vonce—was riden out at git,
The false knigt his brother—loke of it after that,
And by souligte I can Crist—that is housen I ying.
He mighte broke his nekke i in that wractelying.
As sone as Gamelyn com—ther the place was,
He lighte down of his steede—and stood on the
gras,

And ther he herd a frankeleyn waylowny synge, And bigan bitterly whis hondes for to wrynge "Goede man," soyde Gamelyn why makestow this fare?

- Is ther no man that may you helpe out of this care!'
- 'Allas'' seyde this frankeleyn 'that euer was I bore!
- For tweye stalworthe somes I were that I have lore,
- A champioun is in the place that hath i-wrougt me sorwe
- For he hath slavn my two sones but-if god hem borwe
- I wold your ten pound 'by Iesu Crist! and more, With the nones I fand a man to handelen him sore'
- 'Goode man,' sayde Gamelyn · 'wilt thou wel doon,
- Hold myn hors, whil my man · draweth of my schoon,
- And help my man to kepe my clothes and my steede,
- And I wil into place go to loke if I may speede'
 'By god' sayde the frankeleyn 'anon it schal be
 doon,
- I wil my-self be thy man · and drawen of thy schoon,
- And wende thou into place Iesu Crist the speede, And drede not of thy clothes nor of thy goode steede.'

Barfoot and angert Gamelyn in cam.

Alle that weren in the place heede of him they nam,

How he durate nuntre him of him to doon his might

That was no doughty champioun and m hight.

Vp steric the championn rapely anoon, Toward youge Gamelyn the lugan to goon,

And sayde, 'who is thy fader and who is thy sire!

For sothe thou art a gret fool that thou come here!'

Gamelyn answerde - the championn tho,

'Thou knews wel my fader - whil he couthe go,
Whiles he was on lyne - by ceint Martyn !

Sir Iohan of Boundy's was his name and I Game-

'Felaw,' seyde the championn - 'al-o mot I thryne.

I knew wel thy fader whil he was on lyne;

And thiself, Gamelyn I wil that thou it heere, Whil thou were a youg boy a moche schrewe thou were?

Than soyde Gamelyn and swor by Cristes ore, 'Now I am older wore thou schalt me fynde a

more!

- 'Be god '' sayde the champioun ' 'welcome motethou be!
- Come thou ones in myn hond · schelt thou neur the.'
- It was well withinne the night and the moone schon,
- When Gamelyn and the championn togider goune goon
- The champioun caste tornes to Gamelyn that was prest,
- And Gamelyn stood stille and bad him doon his best.

Thanne seyde Gamely n . to the champioun.

'Thou art faste aboute ' to brynge me adoun,

Now I have 1-proved . many tornes of thyne,

Thow most,' he seyde, 'prouen 'on or tuo of myne'

Gamelyn to the champioun gede smertely anon,
Of all the tornes that he cow the he schewed him
but oon,

And kaste him on the lefte syde : that thie ribbes tobrak,

And therto his oon arm that gaf a gret crak

Thanne seyde Gamelyn · smertely anoon,

'Schil it be holde for a cast or elles for noon?'
'By god!' scyde the championn 'whether that it

bcc,

F-50

He that cometh ones in thin hand 'schul he never thee!'

Than sayde the frankeloyn that had his sones there,
'Blessed be thou, Gamelyn that oner thou bore
were!'

The frankeleyn seyde to the champioun of him stood him noon eye,

'This is yonge Gamelyn: that taughte the this playe'

Agein answerd the championn : that liked nothing wel.

'He is our alther mayster and his play is right fel; Sith I wrastled first it is i-go ful yore, But I was neuero in my lyf handeled so sore.' Gamelyn stood in the place allone withoute serk, And soyde, 'if ther be eny me lat hem come to werk.

The champioun that peyned him to werke so sore, It semeth by his continuous that he wil nomore' Gamelyn in the place stood as stille as stoon, For to aby de wrastelyng but ther com noon; Ther was noon with Gamelyn wolde wrastle more, For he handled the champioun so wonderly sore. Two gentilmen ther were that yemede the place, Comen to Gamelyn (god gene him goode grace!) And sayde to him, 'do on thyn hosen and thy schoon,

For sothe at this tyme this feire is 1-doon'
And than seyde Gamelyn 'so mot I wel fare,
I have nought yet halvendel sold vp my ware'
Tho seyde the champioun 'so brouke I my sweere,
He is a fool that therof byeth thou sellest it so
deere'

The sayde the frankeleyn that was in moche care, 'Felaw,' he seyde 'why lakkest thou his ware? By seynt Iame in Galys · that many man hath sought,'

Yet it is to good cheep that thou hast i-bought'
The that wardeynes were of that wrastelyng
Come and broughte Gamelyn • the ram and the
ryng,

And seyden, 'haue, Gamelyn the ryng and the ram, For the beste wrasteler that ever here cam'. Thus wan Gamelyn · the ram and the ryng, And wente with moche ioye · home in the mornyng. His brother seih wher he cam with the grete rowte, And bad schitte the gate · and holde him withoute. The porter of his lord was ful sore agast, And sterte anon to the gate and lokked it fast: Now litheth, and lesteneth · bothe yonge and olde. And ye schul heere gamen of Gamelyn the bolde Gamelyn come there o · for to have comen in, And thanne was it i-schet · faste with a pyn, Than seyde Gamelyn · ' porter, vindo the gat,

For many good manner cone a stondeth therat.'
Than answerd the porter and swor by goddenberde,
'Thou me schult, Gamelyn come into this perde'
'Thou lixt,' sayde Gamelyn as both to I my
chyn'!

He smot the wylet with his foot and brak awey the pun

The poster seyli tho at might no better be, He sette foot on cribe and bigan to flee.

By my futh, soyde Gamelyn "that trauail is i lore, for I am of foot as light as thou though thou haddest swore"

Gamelyn outrtool the porter and his teene wrak, And gente him in the nelke that the bon tobrak, And took him by that oon arm and threw him in a welle.

Seven fadmen it was deep—as I have herd telle Whan Gamelyn the yonge—thus hadde pleyd his play,

Alle that in the yerde were drewen hem away,

They dredden him ful sore for werles that he
wroughte,

And for the fane company that he thider broughte Gamelyn gede to the gate and leet it vp wyde; He leet in alle maner men that gon in wolde or ryde,

And seyde, 'ye be welcome withouten eny greeuc,

For we wiln be maistres heer and aske no man lene,

Yesturday I lefte' seyed yonge Gamelyn,

'In my brother seller ' fyue tonne of wyn,

I wil not that this compaignye parten a twynne,

And ye wil doon after me while my sope is thrynne;

And if my brother grucche or make foul cheere, Other for spense of mete or drynk that we spenden heere,

I am oure catour and here oure aller purs,

He schal have for his grucehyng seint Maries

curs

My brother is a nyggoun · I swei by Cristes ore, And we will spende largely—that he hath spared yore;

And who that maketh grucehyng that we here dwelle.

He schal to the porter - into the draw-welle '

Seven dayes and seven nyght Gamelyn held his feste,

With moche myrth and solas was then, and no cheste;

In a litel toret · his brother lay i-steke,

And sey hem wasten his good but durste he not speke

Erly on a mornyng on the eighte day,

The gester come to Gamelyn and voide gon here way

*Lordes,' seyde Gamelyn + wil ye so hye?

Al the wyn is not yet dronlesses brooke I myn ye

Gamelyn in his herte was he ful wo,

When his gestes took her leve from him for to

He wold they had lenger abule and they sayde may,

But bitaughte Gamelyn god, and good day

Thus made Gamelyn his feste and brought it well to ende,

And after his gestes tobe leve to wende.

Latheth, and lesteneth and holdeth youre tonge,

And ye schul heere gamen of Gamelyn the yonge.

Herkeneth, lordynges and lesteneth aright,

Whan alle the gestes were goon how Gamelyn was dight

Al the whil that Gamelyn heeld his mangerye,

His brother thoughte on him be wrike with his treecherse

The Gamelyns gestes were riden and 1-goon, Gamelyn stood allone frendes had he noon; The after ful soone withinne a litel stounde, Gamelyn was 1-taken - and ful harde i-bounde
Forth com the false knight - out of the selleer,
To Gamelyn his brother he gede ful neer,
And sayde to Gamelyn - 'who made the so bold
For to stroye my stoor of myn houshold?

'Brother,' seyde Gamelyn - 'wraththe the right
nought,

For it is many day i-gon sithithen it was bought,
For, brother, thou hast i-had by sevent Richer,
Of fiftene plowes of lond this sixtene yer,
And of alle the beester thou hast forth-bred,
That my fader me biquath on his dethes bed,
Of all this sixtene year I gene the the prow,
For the mete and the drynk that we have spended
now?

Thanne scyde the false knyght (cucl mot he the!)
'Herkne, brother Gamelyn what I wol geue the,

For of my body, brother heir geten have I noon, I wil make the myn hen I swere by seint Iohan' 'Par ma foy!' sayde Gamelyn 'and if it so be, And thou thenke as thou seyst god yelde it the!' Nothing wiste Gamelyn of his brotheres gyle, Therfore he him bigyled in a litel while 'Gamelyn,' seyde he 'o thing I the telle, Tho thou threwe my porter in the draw-welle, I swor in that wraththe and in that grete moot,

That thou schuldest be bounde bothe hand and foot,

Therfore I the basche brother Gamulyn,

Lat me nought be for weren brother mit thou

myn,

Lat me bynde the now bothe hand and feet,
For to holde myn anow as I the biheet.'
'Brother,' sayde Gamelyn 'also mot I the '
Thou schult not be forsworen 'for the lone of me.'
The made they Gamelyn to sitte mighte be not stonde.

Tyl they hadde him bounde bothe foot and honde, The false knight his brother of Gamelyn was agast,

And sente after feteres to feteren him fast.

His brother made lesynges on him ther he stood,

And tolde hem that comen in that Gamelyn was

wood

Gamelyn stood to a post bounded in the halle,
The that comen in their lokede on him alle
Euer stood Gamelyn euen vpright,
But mete ne drynk had he non neither day no
might

Than soyde Gamelyn 'brother, by myn hals, Now I have asped thou art a party fals, Had I wist that tresoun that thou haddest y-fourdo, I wolde have geue the strokes on I had be bounde!

Gamelyn stood bounden 'stille as eny stoon,
Two dayes and two nightes mete had he noon
Thanne seyde Gamelyn that stood y-bounde stronge,

'Adam spenser me thinkth I faste to longe,
Adam spenser now I byseche the,
For the mochel loue my fader loued the,
Yf thou may come to the keyes lese me out of
bond,

And I wil parte with the of my free lond' Thanne seyde Adam that was the spencer, 'I have served thy brother this sixtene yeer, If I leete the goon · out of his bour, He wolde say afterward I were a traytour' 'Adam,' sayde Gamelyn 'so brouke I myn hals! Thou schalt fynde my brother atte laste fals, Therfor, brother Adam louse me out of bond, And I wil parte with the · of my free lond ' 'Vp swich a forward' seyde Adam, '1-wys, I wil do therto al that in me is' 'Adam,' seyde Gamelyn 'al-so mot I the, I wol holde the couenant · and thou wil loose me 7 Anon as Adames lord to bedde was 1-goon, Adam took the keyes, and leet Gamelyn out anoon

He ynlokked Gamelyn * boths hander and first,
In hope of aurancement—that he has byfact.
Than seyde Gamelyn * 'thanked be godder sonde!
Now I am loosed * boths fort and honde
Had I now eten * and dront en aright,
Ther is noon in this hous—schuld bynde me this
night?

Adam took Gamelyn as stille as ony stoon, And ladde him in-to spance * rapely anon, And sette him to soper right in a prine stedly, He leid him do gladly and Gamelyn to dede Anon as Gamelyn hadde eten wel and fyn, And therto y-dronke wel of the rede wyn, 'Adam,' soyde Gamelyn 'what is now thy reed? Wher I go to my brother and garde of his heed?" "Gamelyn," soyde Adam . "it "chal not be so I can teche the a read—that is worth the two I wot wel for sothe . that this is no may, We schul have a mangery . right on Soneday, Abbotes and priours ' many heer schal be, And other men of holy churche as I telle the; Thow schalt stonde up by the post as thou were hond-fast.

And I schal leve hem valoke awey thou may hem

Whan that they have eten and was chen here hondes,

Thou schalt bische hem alle ' to living the out of bondes;

And if they wille borne the . that were good game,

Then were thou out of prisoun and I out of blame.

And if everich of hem say vuto vs nay,

I schal do an other . I swere by this day!

Thou schalt have a good staf and I wil have another,

And Cristes curs have that oon that faileth that other 1'

'Ye, for gode!' sayde Gamelyn ' 'I say it for me,

If I fayle on my syde . yuel mot I the .

If we schul algate assorle hem of here symie,

Warne me, brother Adam when I rohal by-

'Gamelyn,' seyde Adam · ' by seynte Charite, I wil warne the byforn · whan that it schal be . Whan I twynke on the loke for to goon,

And cast away the feteres ' and com to me anoon' 'Adam,' seide Gamelyn ' 'blessed be thy bones!

That is a good counsel gruen for the nones;

If they werne me thanne to layage me out of bendes.

I wol sette goode strokes right on here lendes!

The the Senday was i come and folk to the fister.

Paire they were welcomed a bothe leste and mester;

And enter as they atto halle a dore comen in.

They easte their eye on yonge Gamelyn

The false knight his brother a ful of trechery.

Alle the gestes that ther were atte mangery.

Of Gamelyn his brother he tolde hem with mouthe

Al the harm and the "chare that he tells couther The they were served of messes tue or thre, Than seede Gamelyn thow terms yo me? It is nought well-served by god that al made! That I sytte fasting and other men make glade." The false knight his brother ther that he stood. Tolde alle his gestes that Gamelyn was wood; And Gamelyn stood stille and answerde nought, But Adames wordes the held in his thought The Gamelyn gan speke delfully with alle To the grete lordes—that saten in the halle: 'Lordes,' he sey do . ' for Cristes passionn, Helpeth brynge Gamelyn out of misoun' Than sey de an abbot · sorwe on his cheeke! 'He schal have Cristes curs and soynte Manes eeke.

That the out of presoun beggeth other borwe, But ever worthe hem wel that doth the moche sorwe' After that abbot than spak another,
'I wold thin beed were of though thou were my
brother!

Alle that the borne 'foule mot hem falle!'
Thus they seeden alle 'that wor'n in the halb.
Than seeden priour 'yuel mot be thryue!
'It is moche skathe, boy 'that thou art on her.'
'On' seede Gamelyn' 'so brouke I my ban'
Now I have aspect' that freendes leave I man.
Cursed mot he northe bothe fleisch and block.
That ever do priour 'or abbot ony good!'
Adam the spencer' took up the cloth.
And loked on Gamelyn' and say that he was wroth;

Adam on the pantrye ' litel he thoughte,
But tuo goode stanes ' to halle-dore he broughte,
Adam loved on Gancian ' and he was was anom,
And easte awey the feteres ' and he bigan to goon
Tho he com to Adam ' he took that oo sinf,
And bygan to worche ' and goods strokes gaf
Gamelyn cam in-to the halle ' and the spencer
bothe,

And loked hem aboute ' as they had be wrothe; Gamelyn sprengeth holy-water ' with an oking spire,

That some that stoode vpright · fellen in the fire. There was no leved man · that in the halle stood,

That wolde do Gamelyn : eny thing but good,
But stoode besyden : and leet hem bothe v crehe,
For they hadde no rewthe : of men of hely
cherche;

Abbot or priour * monk or chancium,
That Gamelyn outrtok * anon they gooden down.
That was non of hem alle * that with his staf
mette,

That he me made him overthrows and quitte hem his detti

Gamelyn,' sey de Adam : 'for sey nto Charite,
Pay large ly uercy : for the love of me,
And I wil kepe the dore : so ever here I masse!
Et they ben assoyled - there shal noon passe.'
'Dow't the nought,' seyde Gamelyn : 'while we ben
in feerc,

Kep thou wel the dore and I wol werehe heere,
Stere the, good Adam and lat ther noon flee,
And we schul telle largely how many ther be.'
'Gamelyn,' seyde Adam ado hem but good;
They ben men of holy chirche draw of hem no
blood,

Saue wel the croune and do hem non harmes,
But brek bothe her legges and siththen here armes.'
Thus Gamelyn and Adam wroughte right fast,
And pleyden with the monkes and made hem
agast

Thider they come rydyng iolily with swaynes, And hom agen they were 1-lad in cartes and in waynes

The they hadden al y-don than seyde a gray frere,

'Allas! sire abbot 'what dide we now heere?

The that comen hider it was a cold reed,

Vs hadde ben better at home with water and with breede.'

Whil Gamelyn made ordres of monkes and frere,

Euer stood his brother and made foul chere,
Gamelyn vp with his staf that he wel knew,
And gerte him in the nekke · that he ouerthrew,
A litel about the girdel · the rigge-bon to-barst,
And sette him in the feteres · ther he sat arst.

'Sitte ther, brother' · say de Gamelyn,
'For to colen thy blood · as I dide myn'
As swithe as they hadde · i-wroken hem on here
foon,

They askeden watir · and wisschen anoon,
What some for here loue · and some for here awe,
Alle the scruantz served hem · of the beste lawe
The scherreue was thennes · but a fyue myle,
And al was y-told him · in a litel while,
How Gamelyn and Adam · had doon a sory
rees,

The bigin some strif for to vicke,

And the scherres com aboute Gainelyn for to
take

Non-1: theth and lesteneth : so god gif you good fen!

And we schul heere good geme vof yonge Gamelyn. Four and twenty yonge men—that heelden hem fulbolde,

Come to the schirref and soyde that they wolde Gamelyn and Adam ' fetten, by here fay, The scherref gaf hem lene with as I you say, They hyeden faste wold they nought bly nue. Til they come to the gate ther Gamelyn was nue

They knokked on the gate—the porter was ny.
And loked out at an hol—us man that was sly.
The porter hadde byholde—hem a litel while,
He loued wel Gamelyn—and was adred of gyle,
And leet the wicket sto iden—y-steke ful stille,
And asked hem withoute what was here wille
Tor al the grete company—thanne spik but don,
'Vindo the gate, porter—and let vs in goon'
Then seede the porter—'so brouke I my chyn,
Ye schul see your erand er yo comen in'
'See to Gamelyn and Adam if here wille bo,

We wil speke with hem · wordes two or thre '
'Felaw,' seyde the porter · 'stond there stille,
And I wil wende to Gamelyn to witen his wille
In wente the porter · to Gamelyn anoon,
And seyde, 'Sir, I warne you her ben come your
foon,

The scherrenes meyne ben atte gate,

For to take you bothe 'schulle ve nat skape'
'Porter,' seyde Gamelyn 'so moot I wel the!

I wil allowe the thy wordes 'whan I my tyme se.
Go agayn to the gate and dwel with hem a while,
And thou schalt se right sone porter, a gyle
Adam,' sayde Gamelyn looke the to goon,
We have foomen atte gate and frendes neuer oon,
It ben the schirrefes men that hider ben i-come,
They ben swore to gidere 'that we schul be nome'
'Gamelyn,' seyde Adam 'hye the right blyue,
And if I faile the this day euel mot I thryue!
And we schul so welcome the scherrenes men,
That some of hem schul make 'here beddes in the
fen'

Atte posterne-gate Gamelyn out-wente,
And a good cart-staf in his hand he hente,
Adam hente sone another giet staf
For to helpe Gamelyn and goode strokes gaf
Adam felde tweyne and Gamelyn felde thre,
The other setten feet on eithe and bygonne fle

"What I' sayde Adam . "To cuer here I marsa !

I have a draught of good wyn! drank er se men!

'Nay, by god!' sayde thay 'thy drynk is not goorl.

It wolds make a manner brayer to ben in his leavel ?

Gunelyn stood stille and loked him aboute, And soch the reherrence come with a gret route 'Adam,' serde Gamelyn - 'what he non thy reedes? Here cometh the scherroue and wil have oure herdes!

Adam sayde to Gamelyn they reed in nov thus, Abido we no lenger : lest we fare amys : N I rede that we to wode goon and that we be founds, Better is as ther loos than in town y-bounde' Adam took by the hand songe Gamelyn; And evench of hem two drank a draught of wyn, And after took her coursers and werten her way. The fond the reherrene nest, but non ay. The scherreue lighte adoun and went in to the

halle.

And fond the lord y-fetered - fast with alle.

The scherreue vnfetered him sone, and that anoon.

And sente after a leche · to hele his rigge boon. Lete we now this false knight . Iyen in his care, And talke we of Gamelyn and loke how he fare.

Gamelyn in to the woode * stalkede stille,
And Adam the spenser * likede ful ylle ,
Adam swor to Gamelyn * by wynt. Richer,
* Now I see it is mery * to be a spensor,
That level me were * keyes for to ixre.
Than walken in this wilde woode * my clother to
tere?

"Adam" seyde Gamelyn "dismaye the right nought;

Many good mannes child * in care is r-brought.'
And as they stoode talkyng * bothen in ferre,
Adam hard talkyng of men * and neyh him thought
thei were.

The Gamelyn under the woode blokede neight,
Senene score of yonge men the saugh well adught,
Alle satte afte mete compas aboute
'Adam,' seyde Gamelyn thow have we no doute,
After bale cometh boote thurgh grace of god almight;

Me thynketh of mete and drynk that T have a sight.'

Adam lokede the voider woode bough,
And when he seyli mete vite was glad ynough;
For he hopede to god viter to have his deel,
And he was sore alonged vafter a good miel.

As he seyde that word vite may ster outlawe
Saugh Gamelyn and Adam vinder woode-schave

"Yongo men,' seydo the massier by the goods roods,

I am war of gerter god sende an non but goode. Yonder ben tuo yonge men wonder wel adight, And paramenture ther ben mo who lolede aright. Ariseth appearance men and fetteth ben to me; It is good that we witen a what men they bead 'Vp ther sterten senene after the dynor, And metten with Gamelan and Adam spensar. Whan they were may hem a than sayde that oon, 'Yeldeth appearance and your floor'

Thanne seyde Gamelyn ' that yong was of elde,
'Moche sorwe mot he hane that to you hem
yeldo!

I curse non other 'but right my 'chie,
They ye fette to yow fyne 'thanne ye be twelue''
The they herde by his word' that might was in his
arm,

Ther was non of hem alle · that wolde do him harm,
But sayde vinto Gamelyn · myldely and stille,
'Com afore our maister—and sey to him thy wille.'
'Yonge men,' sayde Gamelyn · by your lewte,
What man is your maister—that yo with be?'
Alle they answerde—withoute lesying,
'Oure maister is i crouned · of outlaves kying'

'Adam' seyde Gamely n 'gowe in Cristes name;

He may negther mule nor drynk " werne v., for schame

If that he be hender and come of gentil blood,

He wol genous mete and drynk and door a come

good?

"By soynt Inme 1' seyde Adam "what harm that I gate,

I wil auntre to the dore that I hadde mete! Gamelyn and Adam wente forth in feere,

And they grette the master that they founds there.

Than seide the maister kying of outlawrs,

'What seeke ye, yonge men 'vuder woode & h west' Gamelyn answerde ' the Lyng with his crome.

'He moste needes walke in woode that may ro' walke in towns

Sire, we walke not here moon harm for to do.

But if we meete with a deer to schede the to.

As men that ben hungry and mow no note

fynde,

And ben harde by stad · vndcr wood lynde.'

Of Gamelynes wordes the maister hadde routh,

And seyde, 'ye schal have yough have god my

He bad hem sitte ther adoun ' for to take reste; And bad hem ete and drynke ' and that of the beste As they sete and cetan ' and dronke wel and fyn, Than soyde that oun to that other . thus is Game

The was the master outline in to counsed none, And told how it was Gamelyn it that thater was recome

Anon as he herde how it was bifalle,

He made him maister under him over hem alle
Within the thildde wyke him com tydyng,
To the master outlave that the was her lyng,
That he schulde come hom his poes was i mad,
And of that goode tydyng he was the ful glad.
The soyde he to his yonge men soth for to telle,
'Me hen comen tydynges. I may no longer dwelle,'
The was Gamelyn anon, withoute tarying.
Maid muster outlawe, and crouned here kyng.
The was Gamelyn crouned. Lyng of outlawes,
And walled a while ' under woode-schawes.

The false knight his brother was reherrous and

And leet his brother endite—for hate and for ire
The were his bonde-men—sory and nothing glad,
When Gamelyn her lord wolnes heed was cryed
and mand,

And sente out of his men · wher they might him fynde,

For to sake Gamelyn vnder woode lynde, To telle him tydynges how the wynd was went, And all his good reued and allo his men schent.

Whan they had him founde on knees they ham sette.

And a-down with here hood and here lord grette. 'Sire, wraththe you nought for the goode roode, For we have brought you tydynges but they be nat goode.

Now is thy brother scherreue and hath the bully c, And he hath endited the and wolves heed doth the crie?

'Allas' soyde Gamelyn 'that ever I was so slak

That I ne hadde broke his nekke tho I his rigge brak!

Goth, greteth hem wel myn housbondes and wyf,
I wol ben atte nexte schire · haue god my lyf!'
Gamelyn came wel redy · to the nexte schire,
And ther was his brother · bothe lord and sire
Gamelyn com boldelych · in-to the moot-halle,
And put a-down his hood · among the lordes alle;
'God saue you all, lordynges · that now here bo!
But broke-bak scherrene euel mot thou the!
Why hast thou do me that schame and vilonye,
For to late endite me · and wolves-heed mo
crye?'

The thoughte the false knight for to ben awreke, And leet take Gamelyn · moste he no more speke,

Might ther be no more gries that Gamelyn after laste

Wescas, in to prisonn and fittered ful fasts.

Camelan hath a brother—that hights air Ote,

As good a knight and heads—as mights gon on

foote.

An in the rigide a messager to that goods knight.

And to'd him altogiders how Gamelyn was dight.

At on as sire Ote herds thow Gamelyn was dight.

At on as sire Ote herds thow Gamelyn was dight,

He was wonder vory was he no thing light,

At diest sadle a steeds and the vay he nam,

And to his tveyne bretheren tanon-right he carn.

Sire, seydo sire Ote to the reherrens tho,

We be a but three bretheren technic we never be

mo

And then hast y prisoned the beste of us alle;
Such another brother—yuel mot him bifalle!

Circ Ote,' seede the false length that be the curs,
By god, for thy wordes—he schal fare the wurs;
To the lynges prisonn anon he is y-nome,
And ther he schal abyde the Lustice come?

'Pude!' seyde sir Ote—thetter it schal he.
I bidde him to may upris—that thow graunte him
me

Til the nexte sittyng of dely ucraunce,
And thanne lat Gamelyn stande to his chaunce?
Biother, in swich a forward 1 take him to the;

And by the fader soule · that the bygat and me.
But if he be redy when the Iustice sitte,
Thou schalt bere the Iuggement for al tin gretewrite.'

'I graunte wel,' seide sir Ote ' that it so be Let delyuer him anon ' and tak him to me' 'Tho was Gamelyn delyuered to sire Ote his biother;

And that night dwellede . that on with that other

On the morn seyde Gamelyn ' to sire Ote the hende,

'Brother,' he seide, 'I moot for sothe from the wende,

To loke how my yonge men leden here lvf,
Whether they lynen in ioic or elles in stryf
'Be god!' seyde sire Ote 'that is a cold reed,
Now I see that all the cark schal fallen on myn

heed;
For when the Justice sit and thou be nought yfounde.

I schal anon be take and in thy stede i-bounde'
'Brother,' sayde Gamelyn 'dismaye the nought
For by seint Tame in Gales that many man hath
sought,

If that god almighty 'holde my lyf and wit, I wil be thei redy whan the Tustice sit.' Than sends our Ote to Gamely a signal schilde the free whame,

Com whan thou seed tyme and bring ve out of blame."

Litheth and lesteneth and holdeth you still; And we solub her how Gamelyn bodde at his wille

Gamelyn wente agem vinder woode 138,
And fond there pleying young mea of prys
Tho was young Gamelyn glad and blithe youngh,
When he foud his mery men vinder woode bough
Gamelyn and his men valkeden in feere,
And they hidde good game where muster to lesse.
They tolden him of aucutures—that they hidde
founde,

And Gamelyn hem tolde agein thow he was fest a bounde

Wind Gamely a was outlawed hadde he no core;
There was no man that for him forde the wors,
But abbotes and prious monk and chanoun.
On hem left he no-thing whan he might hem nom.
Whil Gamely a and his men smade merthes ryue,
The false knight his brother givel mot he thryue!
For he was fast aboute bothe day and other,
For to hyre the quest sto hangen his brother
Gamelyn stood on a day sand, as he biheeld
The goodes and the schaues sin the wilde feeld,

He thoughte on his brother how he him beheet
That he wolde be redy whan the Iustice sect,
He thoughte wel that he wolde withoute delay,
Come afore the Iustice to kepen his day,
And seide to his yonge men 'dighteth you yare,
For whan the Iustice sit we moote be there,
For I am under borwe til that I come,
And my brother for me 'to prisoun schal be
nome'

'By seint lame!' seyde his yonge men 'and thou iede theito,

Ordeyne how it schal be and it shall be do'
Whil Gamelyn was comyng their the Instice sat,
The false knight his brother forgat he nat that,
To huyre the men on his quest to hangen his
brother;

Though he hadde nought that oon he wolde haue that other.

The cam Gamelyn fre vnder woode-rys, And broughte with him his yonge men of prys.

'I se wel,' seyde Gamelyn 'the Iustice is set; Go aforn, Adam 'and loke how it spet' Adam wente into the halle and loked al aboute, He seyh there stonde lordes 'bothe grete and stoute, And sir Ote his brother fetered wel fast; Tho went Adam out of halle as he were agast Adam said to Gamelyn 'and to his felawes alle.

SIT Ose stant i-fetured in the moot-halle! · Yonge men, seide Gamelyn this ye beeren alle. Sire the stant if tered in the most halle." If god yif is grace wel for to don, He schol it alongo that broughte it thertoo! Thanke sayde Adam that lokker hadde hore. "Cristes, are mote be have that him band to sore" And thou wilt, Gamelyn do after my reed, There is noon in the halle schal bereawer his heed? ' Idam, seede Gamelen 'we will nought don so, We wil slee the gilts? and lat the other go I of into the halle and with the Justice speke, On hem that ben gulty f . I will ben awreke. Lat non shape at the dore take, yonge men, yeme, For I wil be Instice this day domes for to deme God spede me this day at my newe week! Adam, com on with me for thou schalt be my clerk.

His men answereden him and bide him doon his best,

"And if thou to as have neede thou schult fynde

We will stande with the while that we may dure, And but we werke manly pay is non hure.'
'Yonge men,' seyde Gamelyn 'so mot I well the!
As trusty a maister 'ye schal funde of me'
Right there as the Justice sat in the halle,

In wente Gamelyn amonges hem alle

Gamelyn leet infetere his brother out of bende Thanne seyde sire Ote his brother that was hende, 'Thou haddest almost, Gamelyn dwelled to longe, For the quest is oute on me that I schulde honge' 'Brother,' seyde Gamelyn 'so god gif me good rest!

This day they schuln ben hanged that ben on thy quest,

And the Instice bothe · that is the Ingge-man,
And the scherieue bothe thurgh him it bigan '
Thanne seyde Gamelyn to the Instise,
'Now is thy power y-don thou most nedes arise,
Thow hast yeuen domes · that ben vuel dight,
I wil sitten in thy sete · and dressen hem aright'
The Instice sat stille and roos nought anoon,
And Gamelyn in haste cleuede his cheeke-boon,
Gamelyn took him in his arm and no more spak,
But threw him ouer the barre · and his arm to-brak.
Durste non to Gamelyn seye but good,
For ferd of the company · that withoute stood
Gamelyn sette him down · in the Instices seet,
And sire Ote his brother by him · and Adam at
his feet

Whan Gamelyn was i-set in the Iustices stede, Herkneth of a bourde that Gamelyn dede. He leet fetre the Iustice and his false brother, And dede hem come to the barrer that oon with that other

The Gamelyn hedde thus y-doon shadde he no rest.

Til he had enquered swho was on the quest.

For to deme his brother sur Ote, for to honge;

Er he wiste which they were him thoughte fellonge.

But as some as Gamelyn we to wher they were.
He dede hom encrehom feterin in feers,
And bringen hom to the barre and sette hem in
reve;

'By my futh'' seeds the Instice of the adierrene is a schrowe!'

Than sovde Gamelyn to the Tustise.

Thou hast y gave domes of the wors assise,
And the twelve sisours—that weren of the quest.

They schul ben hanged this day so have I good rest "

Thanne scide the scherrene to youge Gamelyn, 'Lord, I crie the mercy throther art thou man' Therfore,' seyde Gamelyn thrue thou Cristes curs.

For and thou were maister yit I schulde have wors'

For to make short tale and nought to take longe, He ordeyned him a quest of his men so stronge. The Iustice and the scherreue bothe honged hye, To weynen with the ropes and with the wynde drye;

And the twelve sisours (sorwe have that rekke!)
Alle they were hanged · faste by the nekke.
Thus ended the false knight · with his treecherie,
That ever had i-lad his lyf in falsacs and folye.
He was hanged by the nekke · and nought by the purs,

That was the meede that he hadde · for his fadres curs

Sire Ote was eldest · and Gamelyn was ying,
They wenten with here frendes · euen to the kyng,
They made pees with the kyng of the best assise
The kyng loued well sir Ote · and made him Iustise
And after, the kyng made Gamelyn · bothe in est
and west,

Chef Iustice · of al his fre forest;

Alle his wighte yonge men the kyng forgaf here gilt,

And sitthen in good office the kyng hem hath i pilt,

Thus wan Gamelyn · his lond and his leede,

And wrak him of his enemys and quitte hem here meede;

And sire Ote his brother made him his heir,

And siththen wedded Gamelyn a wyf bothe good

and feyr;

They lyneden to-gidere—whil that Crist wolde, And sithen was Gamelyn—granen under molde And so schul ve alle—may ther no man fle. God bringe vs to the Joya—that oner solid be!

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